IMPOSSIBLE

To tell in such a short space the full particulars and prices of the High Grade Quality cycles which will be sent post free. Wellington Cycle & Motor Co., Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Chronicle

DON'T

Believe for a moment that quality cycles could be had cheap. High Grade quality cycles and not nasty ones supplied at moderate prices. Wellington Cycle & Motor Co., Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M MEHTA IN 1913.

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VOL. XIII NO. 185— BOMBAY THURSDAY, AUGUST 6, 1925. ONE ANNA

The Bombay Chronicle

Business Notice.

ALL COMMUNICATIONS intended for publication in the "Bombay Chronicle" must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. In preparing manuscripts correspondents are requested to write on one side of the paper only, and to address their communications to the EDITOR, and not to any member of the staff by name Attention to this rule will save much inconvenience and delay.

In the absence of express agreement to the contrary the copyright of all literary or other contributions published in the "Bombay Chronicle" vests in the Proprietors of the journal.

The Editor cannot undertake to return rejected communications unless a stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed for the purpose.

BUSINESS communications of every kind (advertisements, changes of address, etc.) should be addressed to the MANAGER. Advertisements intended for insertion in the next day's paper must reach the Office not later than 6 p.m.

ALL REMITTANCES should be made payable to the "Bombay Chronicle" and cheques crossed.

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ATANK NIGRAH PILLS.

In reality, they are a boon to suffering humanity.
They have served many, and will serve you too—in curing Mental weakness, Brain-fag, Indigestion, Constipation, etc.

Only a Rupee per tin with 32 pills.
For a detailed and complete price list please write to:—

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P. & O. BRITISH INDIA
(Incorporated in England.)
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.
P. and O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.
All Passengers are required to be in possession of passports

Date.	Steamers.		Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
8th Aug.	RAZMAK	..	MANTUA*	10,902
15th ,,	DELTA*	..		7,622
22nd ,,	RAZMAK	..	NALDERA x	15,993
29th ,,	MOREA	..		10,911
5th Sept.	RAZMAK	..	MACEDONIA*	11,089
12th ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND	..		16,227
19th ,,	RAZMAK	..	NARKUNDA*	16,100
26th ,,	RANPURA			
3rd Oct.	RAZMAK	..	MONGOLIA x	16,504
10th ,,	CHINA	..		7,952
17th ,,	RAZMAK	..	MOOLTAN x	20,847
24th ,,	RAWALPINDI	..		16,100
31st ,,	RAZMAK	..	MALWA *	10,941
7th Nov.	RANCHI	..		16,100
14th ,,	RAZMAK	..	MALOJA x	20,837
21st ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND	..		11,430
28th ,,	RAZMAK	..	MANTUA *	10,902
5th Dec.	RANPURA	..		16,100
12th ,,	RAZMAK	..	NALDERAx	15,953
19th ,,	DEVANHA	..		8,151
26th ,, 1926.	RAZMAK	..	MOREA *	10,919
2nd Jan.	RAWALPINDI	..		16,100
9th ,,	RAZMAK	..	NARKUNDA x	16,227
16th ,,	RANCHI	..		16,100
23rd ,,	RAZMAK	..	MACEDONIA *	11,089
30th ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND	..		11,430
6th Feb.	RAZMAK	..	MOOLTAN x	20,847
13th ,,	RANPURA	..		16,585
20th ,,	RAZMAK	..	MALWA *	10,941
27th ,,	RAJPUTANA	..		16,100
6th Mar.	RAZMAK	..	MALOJA x	20,837
13th ,,	RAWALPINDI	..		16,100
20th ,,	RAZMAK	..	MANTUA *	10,902
27th ,,	RANCHI	..		16,100
31st ,,	CHINA†	..		7,952
3rd April	RAZMAK	..	NALDERAx	15,993
10th ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND	..		11,430
17th ,,	RAZMAK	..	MOREA *	10,918
24th ,,	RANPURA	..		16,585
1st May	RAZMAK	..	NARKUNDA x	16,227
8th ,,	RAJPUTANA	..		16,100
15th ,,	RAZMAK	..	MACEDONIA	11,089
22nd ,,	RAWALPINDI	..		16,100
29th ,,	RAZMAK	..	MOOLTAN	20,847

x Through steamers from Australia have limited accommodation for passengers from India.
* Through steamers from China, have limited accommodation for passengers from India.
† s.s. CHINA 31st March extra steamer at following reduced rates:—
1st Saloon to London £80, £70, and £60.
1st Saloon to Marseilles £72, £62, and £56.
2nd Saloon to London £54, and £52.
2nd Saloon to Marseilles £50. and £48.
The difference in passage rates is according to the position of the cabins.
Very Special berthing arrangements have been made to increase the comfort of passengers proceeding by the "China" on the 31st March 1926.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS
Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth.

Date about	Steamers		Tons
17th Sept.	WARFIELD*	..	3,060
12th Nov.	MARKARA	..	8,285
26th ,,	MADURA	..	8,975
10th Dec.	MARGHA	..	8,278

* Cargo Vessels only, will not convey passengers
P. AND O. SAILINGS, BOMBAY TO JAPAN VIA COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.
P. AND O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO STRAITS, CHINA AND JAPAN.

Date.	Steamers	Tons.	Connecting at Colombo for Australia with
6th Aug.	NARKUNDA ..	16,227	
7th Aug.	NAGPORE* ..	5,283	
22nd Aug.	MIRZAPORE *	6,715	
1st Sep.	SOUDAN ..	6,696	CATHAY
15th ,,	SICILIA ..	6,813	MALOJA
10th Nov.	SOUDAN ..	6,696	NARKUNDA
24th ,,	SICILIA ..	6,813	CHITRAL
22nd Dec.	DELTA ..	7,622	MONGOLIA

* Cargo vessels only, will not convey Japan via Singapore

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND RANGOON

6th Aug.	VARSOVA* ..	Buscreh via Karachi
12th ,,	BARALA ..	Buscreh via Karachi & P. G. Ports
19th ,,	KHANDALLA	East & S. Africa

The sailings for Karachi via Kathiawar on Saturdays and Mondays have meantime been suspended but steamers will leave for Karachi on Wednesdays and Fridays as usual. The "CHAKLA" will sail for Karachi direct on Saturday the 5th September and thereafter every Saturday, via Kathiawar.
* "VARSOVA" will sail on Thursday 6th August, in place of the usual Friday sailing.
Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage may be arranged with
MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co.,
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

N. Y. K. LINE
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer.	Commander.	Tons.	Arrival.	Departure.
Muroran Maru	S. Hirai	5374	1st Aug.	15th Aug
*Tamba Maru	J. Fujisawa	5845	15th Aug	29th Aug
Tokushima Maru	K. Fukuda.	5975	27th Aug	10th Sept
Ceylon Maru.	J. Yamada.	4905	15th Sep	29th Sep

*Passengers Steamers.

REVISED PASSAGE FARES

For	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	Steerage.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Singapore ..	300	200	140	100
Hongkong ..	475	320	215	145
Shanghai ..	530	555	240	160
Kobe ..	600	400	255	170

For particulars please apply to—
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
Alice Building, Hornby Road, Fort Bombay.
Telephone No. 20279 Telegrams YUSEN.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
O.S.K. LINE
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN via SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG

Steamer.	Commander.	Tons	Arrival.	Departure.
Hamburg Maru.	K. Orihara	5,220	26 July	12 Aug.
*Bingo Maru	H. Chiba	6,024	5 Aug.	13 Aug.
Sumatra Maru	Y. Saito	5,860	25 Aug.	7 Sep.

*Passenger Steamer.
For particulars apply to:—
T. OHARA, Manager.
Phone No. 22150. Telegrams: "SHOSEN."
P. O. Box. No. 355.
Taj Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

INCOME-TAX & SUPER-TAX
Statutory Statements of Account prepared
Audit of Books of Firms UNDERTAKEN.
B. L. THOSAR,
Public Accountant.
BOMBAY COMMERCIAL COLLEGE
Kalbadevi Road. BOMBAY.

BANKING.

BANK OF BARODA, LD.
Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwar.
(Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897.)
Capital Subscribed ..... Rs. 60,00,000
Capital Called-up ..... Rs. 30,00,000
Reserve Fund ..... Rs. 21,50,000
HEAD OFFICE:
MANDVI, BARODA.
BRANCHES.
Ahmedabad, Bhavnagar, Navsari, Mesbana, Surat, Bombay, Dabhol, Petlad, Patas, Sidhpur and Amreli.
DIRECTORS:
The Hon'ble Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas, C.I.E., (Chairman).
Gunajirao R. Nimbalkar, Esq., B.A.
Raj Ratna Sheth Maganbhai P. Haribhakti (Nagar Sheth, Baroda).
Sheth Durgaprasad Shambhuprasad Laskari (Mill Agent, Ahmedabad)
Bhaskarrao V. Mehta, Esq., M.A., LL.B. (Bhavnagar).
Maganlal H. Kantavala, Esq., M.A., (Agent, The Maharaja Mills Co., Ltd. Baroda).
Raoji Raghunath Shirgaokar, Esq., B.A., LL.B., (Subha, Baroda State.)
Anant Narayan Datar, Esq., Sar Suba, Baroda State).
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS:
Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of Rs. 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per half year will be allowed.
FIXED DEPOSITS:
Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS:
The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.
The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon. It also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock at moderate charges particulars of which may be learnt on application
SAVINGS BANK:
Deposits received and interest allowed at per cent. per annum.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS:
Sums of Rs. 300 and over accepted at ½ per cent., by transfers from Savings Bank accounts, subject to three months' notice of withdrawal. Rules on application.
C. E. RANDLE,
General Manager

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND, LTD.
ESTABLISHED 1876.
NO. 35, MEDOWS STREET,
Behind Currency Bank.
FUNDED CAPITAL RS. 2,64,000.
Investments in Government and Approved Securities only.
Perfect Economy in management. The supervision as to Rates, Mortality, Investigation and Valuation is entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.
The object is to make provisions for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate. 20 per cent. surrender value in case the wife pre-deceased. Twelve months' grace if occupation is lost.
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For details apply for a Copy of Rules to:—
GAJANAND SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

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YOUR CLOTHES
why not be certain that they are made by artistic Tailors
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Claims Paid Exceed .. Rs. 4,25,000
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Policies from Rs. 500 to Rs. 4,000 LOWEST RATE OF PREMIUM.
This is the only policy-holders' office and the oldest purely Hindu Life Office in India.
We ask every Hindu to compare our rates with any other Indian or Foreign Office before insuring elsewhere.
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Rajpur, Naiwada
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P. C. RAY, M. A., B. L. Secretary,
285/10, Bowbazar Street, CALCUTTA
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ESTABLISHED :—1910 :
Dividend declared annually since 1922 at 30 %
The Safest office for Life Insurance for the poor, Premium Re. 1 or 8 annas per month. Active and honest agents required on liberal remuneration. Apply at once to the SECRETARY, 29, Grey Street, CALCUTTA. Or to Messrs, R. M. DWADKAR, & Co., Gun Powder Road, Mazagaon, Bombay.

HINDUSTHAN CO-OPERATIVE INSURANCE SOCIETY, LTD. (Calcutta,)
RESULTS OF 3rd VALUATION—(as at 30-4-22) :—
A reversionary BONUS OF Rs. 75/- per thousand for the quinquennium (the highest bonus declaration by any Indian office in recent years), and a brilliant forecast for the future.
ASSETS :—Over 70 LAKHS.
POLICY CONDITIONS : LIBERAL and free from vexations terms. AUTOMATIC EXTENSION of policies is a speciality.
MANAGEMENT :—DEMOCRATIC under patriotic leaders and successful businessmen without any intermediate vested interest
PREMIUM RATES :—LOWEST consistent with safety. THE SOCIETY has of late introduced WITHOUT PROFIT TABLES which afford maximum insurance at minimum cost.
It will amply repay the PROSPECTIVE INSURERS to enquire of the "HINDUSTHAN" before they decide where to insure.
AGENTS wanted on liberal terms.
For further particulars apply to the undersigned.
N. DATTA
Manager,
Bombay Branch.
94, Medows Street, Fort,
BOMBAY.

SURE MALARIA (AGUE) CURE.
Prof. T. K. GAJJAR'S IONIC REMEDIES
AGUE MIXTURE .. for Malaria and Dengue; Curative.
GERMICIDE .. a valuable preventive for Plague, Cholera, etc.
FEVER DROPS .. best for all Fevers, and cheaper than Quinine.
LIVER SOLUTION .. best reliable antiseptic, purgative.
Cologne Water, Embrocation, Tooth Powder, Ringworm Ointment, etc., also be had.
FREE TO POOR PATIENTS.
For further particulars, write to:—
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PROF. GAJJAR'S IONIC PHARMACY, KHETWADI MAIN ROAD, BOMBAY

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GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENTS, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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2nd Insertion ...	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion ...	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

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A COMPLETE 110 VOLT: ELECTRIC LIGHT, FAN and PUMPING INSTALLATION PROPERTY of Agra Club, Ltd.

Only being sold as current is now available from the Agra Electric Supply Co., Ltd.

Available as soon as new installation is complete.

1. One Tangye's Horizontal Crude Oil Engine with heavy flywheel and Pulley, 45 B. H. P. 225 R. P. M.

Air compressor on Engine. Air receiver with Gauge. Circulating water pump, belt driven, galvanized iron tanks. Crude oil reservoir and Blow lamp with all necessary piping, etc., and exhaust Silencer. In good running order.

2. One Westinghouse Compound wound Belt driven Shunt and Com. Dynamo with S. P. switch on Dynamo for cutting out series winding when used for battery charging 27-5 K. W. 110-160 Volts 850 R. P. M.

Field rheostart on main switch board.

3. One Crompton motor driven Booster 50 Volts 50 Amperes with Field rheostart on switch board

4. One Tudor accumulator (D.P. Plates) of 60 Cells type J. 14-15 plates. Capacity 420 ampere hours. Discharge rate 84 amperes at 5 hours rate. Normal rate of charge 126 amperes Complete with Glass boxes, stands and oil bottom insulators and cell testing Volt-meter. Distiller for Distilling water for above battery. All in fairly good condition

5. One main Switchboard made up of seven panels in black marble with copper busbard connections.
   (a) Panel with D. P. Switch and Fuses for Westinghouse Dynamo, Voltmeter 0-160 Volts, Ammeter 0-300 amperes and Dynamo field Shunt rheostart.
   (b) Panel with ammeter and S. P. Switch and Westinghouse unit hour meter.
   (c) Panel for Booster with Volt and ammeter circuit breaker and S. P. switch and fuses.
   (d) Panel with 3 circuits for line distribution 3 ammeters 3 S. P. switches and fuses.
   (e) Panel for motor pump with ammeter and S. P. Switch.
   (f) Panel for battery charging with Charge and Discharge ammeters one ammeter 00-150 amperes and one 0-80 amperes. Voltmeter 0-160 Volts. Crompton end cell switches. Charge and Discharge Battery switch. Automatic Cut-in Cut-out Dynamo rheostart D. P. Dynamo switches and fuses and Booster motor S. P. switch and fuse.
   (g) Panel with S. P. Dynamo switch and fuse Voltmeter 0-180 Volts. Ammeter 0-150 amperes Crompton Circuit breaker 130 amps. Charge and Discharge Ampere hour Meters.

6. 53 Crompton's 110 Volt D. C. Ceiling Fans and 14 Table Fans 110 D. C.

7. A large quantity of insulated wire and cables, switches, fuses, switch boxes, ceiling roses, Lamp Brackets Shades and Bulbs.

8. One Crompton's belt driven Shunt wound Dynamo 14-85 K. W. 115-160 Volts 93-130 Amperes 800 R. P. M. Field rheostart on switch board.

9. One 4 "C" type tangye's pump direct coupled to a 16 H. P. Westinghouse Shunt wound motor 110 Volts 1450 R. P. M. capable of raising 275 gallons per minute against a total of 100 feet

Open to inspection after 11-0 a.m. and can be seen working at the Club after 4-0 p.m. any day.

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Offers together with terms of payment for the above in one lot or for items

1 to 7	in one lot
8	in one lot
9	in one lot

to be forwarded not later than the 15th August, 1925, to:—

THE SECRETARY,
Agra Club Limited, AGRA, U.P.

C23772

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE BRADBURY MILLS, LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWELFTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, "Currimbhoy House" No. 12-14, Outram Road, Fort, Bombay, on Thursday the 13th day of August 1925 at 3 p.m. (Standard Time) to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ending 31st March, 1925.
2. To sanction the declaration of a Dividend on Preference Shares.
3. To confirm the appointment of Mr. Ardaseer Jamsetji Wadia as Director.
4. To elect Directors in the place of those who retire by rotation but who are eligible for re-election.
5. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
6. To transact any other business the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company are CLOSED from the 13th August, 1925 to 22nd August, 1925, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
CURRIMBHOY EBRAHIM & SONS, LTD
Agents.

Bombay, 5th August, 1925.

N.B.—The Dividend, on Preference shares when sanctioned, will be made payable at the Company's Registered office on and after the 24th day of August 1925 to those shareholders whose names stand on the Register on the 13th day of August 1925 and the Dividend Warrants will be posted to each Shareholder to his last given address.

C23824

MADHORAO SCINDIA MILLS, LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the NINTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, "Currimbhoy House" No. 12-14, Outram Road, Fort, on THURSDAY, the 13th day of August, 1925, at 3-5 p.m. (Standard Time) to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ending 31st March, 1925.
2. To confirm the appointment of Mr. Ardeseer Jamsetji Wadia as Director.
3. To elect Directors in the place of those who retire by rotation but who are eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
5. To transact any other business the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company are CLOSED from the 13th day of August, 1925, to the 22nd day of August, 1925, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
CURRIMBHOY EBRAHIM & SONS, LTD.
Agents

Bombay, 5th August, 1925.

C23822

THE MATHRADAS MILLS, LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, "Currimbhoy House," No. 12-14, Outram Road, Fort, on THURSDAY, the 13th day of August, 1925, at 3-10 p.m. (Standard Time) to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ending 31st March, 1925.
2. To confirm the appointment of Mr. Ardeseer Jamsetji Wadia as Director.
3. To elect Directors in the place of those who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
5. To transact any other business the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company are CLOSED from the 13th day of August, 1925, to the 22nd day of August, 1925, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
CURRIMBHOY EBRAHIM & SONS, LTD.,
Agents.

Bombay, 5th August, 1925.

C23823

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE CEYLON SPG. & WEG. CO,, LTD.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the EIGHTH ORDINARY ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, "Currimbhoy House," No. 12-14 Outram Road, Fort, on THURSDAY, the 13th day of August, 1925, at 3-15 p.m. (Standard Time) to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ending 31st March, 1925.
2. To confirm the appointment of Mr. Ardeseer Jamsetji Wadia as a Director
3. To elect Directors in the place of those who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
5. To transact any other business the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company are CLOSED from the 13th day of August, 1925, to the 22nd day of August, 1925, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,
CURRIMBHOY EBRAHIM & SONS, LTD.,
Agents.

Bombay, 5th August, 1925.

C23821

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

THE BANK will be CLOSED on WEDNESDAY, the 12th instant, that day being a Public Holiday (GOKUL ASHTAMI.) under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

By Order,
J. G. RIDLAND,
Offg. Secretary & Treasurer.

Bombay, 3rd August, 1925.

C 23828.

THE INDIAN UNIVERSAL STORES LTD
(In Voluntary Liquidation.)

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

A five-storied BUILDING, belonging the above Company, situated at Shaik Memon Street, known as Hyderali Building is for sale and the undersigned will receive offers for same.

For full particulars apply to
D. M. WADIA,
Liquidator.

Examiner Press Building,
Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

C23677.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per Nippon Yusen Kaisha's S. S. "MURORAN MARU", are hereby informed of the steamer's arrival on the 4th August, 1925, from Japan via Shanghai, Singapore, and Colombo and requested to send in their Bills of Lading to this Office for countersignature without delay. No survey will be held on cargo damaged or in doubtful condition unless a written application for such survey is received by the undersigned within seven days from the date of discharge. Capt. J. C. Richards of Messrs Ericson and Richards, Company's Surveyors will be attending Docks every morning to survey damages. Cargo removed from the Landing Shed or warehoused is not entitled to the survey. No survey will be held on bag Cargo in single gunnies. The Bills for CLAIMS are to be sent into this Office within one month from the date of steamer's arrival otherwise they will not be entertained.

MANAGER
Nippon Yusen Kaisha

PUBLIC NOTICES.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.

NOTICE

Bombay, 10th July, 1925.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Imperial Bank of India will be held at the Local Head Office of the Bank, Apollo Street, Bombay, on MONDAY, the 17th August, 1925, at 4 p.m. (Standard Time) for the transaction of the following business:—

1. To receive the Central Board's Report, the Statement of the Affairs of the Bank made up to 30th June, 1925, and the Report of the Auditors.
2. To elect three Auditors and to fix their remuneration.

N. H. Y. WARREN.
W. LAMB (Offg.)
Managing Governors.

C28737.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

In the matter of the INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII OF 1913.
and
In the matter of the ASIAN ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED

The ASIAN ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED ..... Petitioner.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Petition presented to the High Court of Judicature at Bombay on the 20th day of July, 1925, for confirming a special resolution reducing the capital of the abovementioned Company by cancelling capital which has been lost or is unrepresented by available assets is directed to be heard before His Lordship the Sitting Judge in Chambers on the 20th day of August, 1925.

Any creditor or share holder of the Company desiring to oppose the making of an order for the reduction of the capital of the said Company should appear at the time of hearing by himself or his attorney or counsel for the purpose, and a copy of the Petition will be furnished to any Creditor or share holder of the Company requiring the same by the undersigned on payment of the regulated charges for the same.

Dated this 31st day of July, 1925.

ANDRADE AND CUNHA,
Attorneys for the Company.

C23820

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT NO. 3488 OF 1924.
SHORT CAUSE.

Plaint filed the 29th day of September, 1924.

SUMMONS to answer Plaint under Section 27, O. V. rr. I., 5, 7 and 8 and O. VIII. r. 9 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

KARABHAI RAMJI, a firm, carrying on business in Partnership in Bombay as Merchants, Adetias and Shroffs at Dana Bunder, outside the Fort ..... Plaintiffs.

Versus

DAMJI WALJI, a firm, carrying on business in Partnership as Merchants at Warangal in Hyderabad Deccan in the Territories of H. H. The Nizam ..... Defendants.

To,
(1) DAMJI DATU.
(2) WALJI DATU.
(3) JAFFER DAMJI,
(4) HUSEIN DAMJI,
and
(5) ABDULLA DAMJI

Partners of the defendant firm above-named.

WHEREAS the abovenamed Plaintiffs have filed a Plaint in this Court against you the abovenamed Defendants whereof the following is a Concise Statement, Viz.:—

The Plaintiffs claim from the Defendants Rs. 5,342-4-0 with interest on Rs. 4,912-13-3 at the rate of 9 per cent per annum from the 22nd day of October, 1922, till judgment costs of the suit and further interest on judgment.

You are hereby summoned to appear in this Court on the 18th day of August, 1925, at quarter past eleven o'clock Standard Time in the forenoon, in person or by an Advocate duly instructed by an Attorney of this Court in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Witness SIR NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid this 25th day of November, 1924.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd) R. B. PATEL.
For Prothonotary,
(Sd.) R. B. PATEL.

The 25th day of Novenaber, 1924.

Messrs. MALVI MODY RANCHODDAS & CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

C 23834.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our clients Messrs. TOKERSEY JIVRAJ, HIRJI JIVRAJ and DERAJ GANGJI JIVRAJ have purchased the undermentioned property at the auction sale held on the 22nd day of July, 1925, by Messrs. Bennett and Co., Auctioneers, under instructions from Mr. Nanabhai Hormusji Mogs, Bar-at-Law, Receiver of the Estate of the late Mr. Dorabji Khershedji Shroff, deceased, appointed by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay by a Consent decree, dated 15th February, 1923, made in suit No. 1034 of 1922. All persons having or claiming any right, title, or interest in or to the said property or any part thereof whether by way of inheritance, bequest, trust, possession, gift, sale, mortgage, charge, lien or lease or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make such claims known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 113, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from this date, otherwise the said sale will be completed without reference to any such claim and all such claims, if any will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

LOT NO. 6—All that piece of vacant land of the Toka tenure, situate on the west side of the Parel Tank Road, in the City and Registration District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 4170 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's New Nos. 14481, 14115, G/14419, New Survey Nos. 1/2411, 1/2412, 2/2412, and Cadastral No. 181 (part) of the Parel-Sewri Division and bounded, on or towards the East by land acquired for the Tata Hydro-Electric Company's Transmission Line, on or towards the west by the Parel Tank Road, on or towards the south by the property of Muncherji Framji Cama and on or towards the North by the property of the Swan Mills Co., Ld.

LOT NO. 7.—All that piece of land of the Toka tenure, containing by admeasurement 10916 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's New Nos. 14235, 14385, 14662, 14233, 14359, 14381 and 14481, New Survey Nos. 1/2414, 2379 (part) and 2382 (part) and Cadastral No. 181 (part) of the Parel-Sewri, together with the tenements or buildings standing thereon all which premises are situate on the west side of the Sewri New Road in the City and Registration District of Bombay and are bounded, on or towards the East partly by the Sewri New Road and partly by the property of the Jubilee Manufacturing Company, Limited, on or towards the west by the property of Muncherji Framji Cama and partly by land acquired for the Tata Hydro-Electric Company's Transmission Line, on or towards the South partly by the property of the Jubilee Manufacturing Co., Ltd., partly by the property of Haji Moosa Ismail and Haji Esmail Allarakhia and partly by the property of Muncherji Framji Cama and on or towards the North by the property of the Swan Mills Co., Ld.

LOT NO. 9.—All that piece of vacant land of the Toka tenure, situate on the East side of the Sewri New Road in the City and Registration District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 7465 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's New Nos. 14230, 14234, 14243, 14261, 14293, 14356, 14406, 14430, 14442, 14915, 14440, A/14384 and 17081, New Survey Nos. 1/2443 (part), 3/2434 (part), 12439 (part), 2/2439 (part) 1/2434, 2A/2434 and 4/2433 and Cadastral No. 172 (part) of the Parel-Sewri Division and bounded, on or towards the East by Lot No. 13, on or towards the South partly by Lot No. 8 and partly by the property of Dharma Shimria Nakwa and on or towards the North by property recently acquired by Government

LOT NO. 11—All that piece of land of the Toka tenure, containing by admeasurement 7755 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's New Nos. 14230, 14234, 14243, 14261, 14293, 14356, 14406, 14430, 14442, 14915, B/14222, 14223, A/14417, 14358 and 14427, New Survey Nos. 1/2443 (part), 1/2376 (part), 2/2376, (part) and 2368 (part) and Cadastral No. 172 (part) and of the Parel-Sewri Division together with the tenements or buildings standing thereon all which premises are situate on the East side of the Sewri New Road in the City and Registration District of Bombay and are bounded, on or towards the East partly by Lot No. 15 and partly by Lot No. 16, on or towards the West by the Sewri New Road, on or towards the South by the Lot No. 12, on or towards the North partly by Lot No. 10 and partly by the property of Dharma Shimrai Nakwa.

LOT NO. 12—All that piece of land of the Toka tenure, containing by admeasurement 8542 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's New Nos. 14358, 14427, B/14222, 14223, B/14413, 14436, 14358, 14427, 14436, and A/14417, and New Survey Nos. 2383 (part), 2/2376, 3/2876, 4/2376, 2368 (part), 1/2372 (part), 3/2372 (part), 4/2372, (part), 5/2372 (part) and Cadastral No. 172 (part) of the Parel-Sewri Division together with the tenements or buildings standing thereon all which premises are situate on the west side of Sewri New Road in the City and Registration District of Bombay and are bounded, on or towards the East partly by Lot No. 16 and partly by Lot No. 17, on or towards the west by Sewri New Road, on or towards the south partly by the China Mills Tank and partly by the property of Jackeria Haji Haroon Haji Abdulla and on or towards the North by Lot No. 11.

LOT NO. 20—All that piece of vacant land of the Toka tenure, situate on the East side of the Sewri New Road in the City and Registration District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1163 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's New No. 14233, 14359, 14381, New Survey No. 2383 (part) and Cadastral No. 176 of the Parel-Sewri Division and bounded, on or towards the east by the property formerly of Jamnadas Sevaklal but now of Vassonji Lalji Khimji and Co., on or towards the west by the Sewri New Road, on or towards the South by the strip of land, secondly described in Lot No. 21 and on or towards the north by the property of Haji Abdul Satar Haji Oomer Saheb.

LOT NO. 21.—All that piece of land of the Toka tenure, containing by admeasurement 671 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's New Nos. 14233, 14359 and 14381, New Survey No. 2382 (part) and Cadastral No. 178 (part) of the Parel-Sewri Division together with the tenements and buildings standing thereon all which premises are situate on the West side of Sewri New Road and the City and Registration District of Bombay and are bounded, on or towards the east by the property formerly of Jamnadas Savaklal but now of Vassonji Lalji Khimji and Co., on or towards the west by the Sewri New Road, on or towards the south partly by the property formerly of Jamnadas Sevaklal but now of Vassonji Lalji Khimji and Co., and partly by property leased to the Pioneer Silk Mills and on or towards the North partly by the property of Tatia Pandu Kangootkar and partly by the property secondly hereinafter described.

AND SECONDLY—All that piece of vacant land of the Toka tenure, situate on the East side of the Sewri New Road in the City and Registration District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 76 square yards or thereabouts (being a strip of land three feet wide from the Sewri New Road to the North East corner of the property firstly above described) bearing the above Collector's Nos. and Cadastral Nos. 176 (part) and 177 (part) of the Parel-Sewri Division and bounded, on or towards the East by the property formerly of Jamnadas Sevaklal now of Vassonji Lalji Khimji and Co., on or towards the West by the Sewri New Road, on or towards the South partly by the property of Tatia Pandoo Kangootkar and partly by the property firstly above described and on or towards the North partly by the property formerly of Jamnadas Sevaklal but now of Vassonji Lalji Khimji and Co., and partly by Lot No. 20.

LOT NO. 22—All that piece of vacant land of the Toka tenure, situate on the East side of the Sewri New Road, in the City and Registration District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 194 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's New Nos. 14233, 14359 and 14381, New Survey No. 2383 (part) and Cadastral No. 179 of the Parel-Sewri Division and bounded, on or towards the East by the property formerly of Jamnadas Sevaklal but now of Vassonji Lalji Khimji and Co., on or towards the west by the Sewri New Road, on or towards the South by property leased to the Pioneer Silk Mills, Ltd., and on or towards the North by property leased to the Pioneer Silk Mills.

Dated this 4th day of August, 1925.

ARDESIR HORMUSJI DINSHAW & CO.
Purchasers' Attorneys.

23832

INTHE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration to the property and credits of J'WANDAS HEMRAJ, late of Bombay Hindu inhabitant, Merchant, residing at New Hanuman Lane, Kalbadevi Road, outside the Fort of Bombay, a widower ..... Deceased.

DWARKADAS JIWANDAS, RANCHODDAS JIWANDAS and BHUGWANDAS JIWANDAS, all of Bombay, Hindu inhabitants, Merchants, residing at New Hanuman Lane, Kalbadevi Road, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Petitioners.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this twenty-fifth day of July in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty-five and in the sixteenth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

P. B. MALABARI,
Registrar.

E. J. DAVAR.

The 25th day of July, 1925.

Messrs. ARDESIR HORMUSJI DINSHAW & CO.,
Petitioners Attorneys.

True Copy.
ARDESIR HORMUSJI DINSHAW & CO.
Petitioners Attorneys.
3-8-25.

C23833

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CONCESSION RATES

IN OUR

CLASSIFIED SHORT

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ON and from 1st June, 1925 our charges for Short Advertisements are as under:—

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CASH MUST ACCOMPANY ORDER.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words, Apply Box No..... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle," to be paid for.

Replies to advertisements cannot be forwarded, but can be obtained at the office on production of the voucher.

Answers to advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number..... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements, ar destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—MOFUSSIL AGENTS for the sale of "Bombay Chronicle." Apply for revised terms of Agency to the MANAGER, "Bombay Chronicle," Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.
A.

WANTED—AGENTS Securing Trade information in Towns. Security 35/- Cash. Commission or Salary. Correspond LAHARY BROTHERS, Delhi, with 2 Rs. stamps.
A R 1587.

WANTED—HONORARY CLINICAL REGISTRAR for Sir Hurkisondas Nurrotumdas Hospital. New Charni Road. Apply HONORARY SECRETARY.
R1583

WANTED—An Experienced CORRESPONDENCE CLERK, knowing Typewriting, for two hours in the morning and two hours in the evening daily. Apply Box No. 923, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
R1581

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YOU can learn Soap-Making in a few days by our course of training by correspondence. Begin to earn some money. Our students are doing this very thing right now. You can do the same. Make soap at 6-4-3 per lb. Secrets closely guarded for years disclosed. Credentials from press and eminent persons. No experience or capital needed. Course free if you choose. Enclose -/3/- stamps. Hawaid College, B. Rawalpindi.
M Th.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

AN EXPERIENCED INSURANCE MAN is willing to take up any responsible post in Life and Fire Insurance Coys. Please write Box No. 916 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle"
R1568.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

MINING ENGINEER (B.S. Illinois) Graduated with high proficiency—Coal Mining special subject—studied in coal fields and laboratories all phases of Coal Mining, preparation. Plant etc., visited under official guidance lots of large iron, copper and zinc Mines, smelters and Mills—studied by actual working fast production system pits control. Seeks POSITION with a reputed firm. Highest References: for particulars correspond with: MONINDRANATH MAITRA, B.Sc., (Cal). and B.S. (Illinois). Member of Mining Society (U.S.A.) Post Box 86, University Station, Urbana (Illinois) U. S. A.
B R 1584.

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET

SHOPS TO LET—Suitable for Motor Accessories Dealers. Rent Rs. 170. Raval buildings, Lamington Road.
O 1570

TO BE LET—DOUBLE ROOMS, & GODOWNS at Mazagaon, Hathibang, (Love Lane). See Messrs. MANECKCHAND PANACHAND & CO., 190, Javery Bazaar, Bombay.
C R1545.

ONE BLOCK IS TO BE LET to vegetarian Hindoos. Rent Rs. 225. Raval buildings, Lamington Road, Bombay.
O R1572

AIRY and convenient OFFICES in the Union Bank Buildings, Apollo Street, Fort, at reduced rents. Lift available.
C23641

PROFESSION

SAFE and SURE CURE for DEBILITY of any name and nature. Particulars FREE under cover. "SRI" WORKS, Beadon Square, Calcutta.
P BR1589

DR. GHOSE of Ramwadi has returned and resumed practice, Specialist in Hydrocele, Gonorrhoea, Pthysis, Sprue, Diabetis Dysentery.
P R1582

BOON to devitalized males Pure Mercury Pill Rs. 20 each lasting months. Write Vaidya Prabhasanker R., Ghatkopar.
T R1588

DEPORT YOUR WORRIES:—1. The worries and anxieties those you possess, when and how they can be removed, we tell you accurately correct ! ! 2. Send your birth date and time with one rupee note or M. O. Rs. 2; 5. V. P. not advised and more will bring you more detail particulars with dates and events 3. When birth date and time not known, mention time of writing 4. Our forecasts in all matters Mahatma Gandhi's release, lately Mumtaz affair. Gwalior Maharaja's Longevity American earthquake, etc., turned wonderfully correct TRY Yourself THE UNIVERSAL ASTROLOGICAL & STATISTICAL BUREAU, INDORE.
R1548

FREE TREATMENT FOR LEPROSY
(Under Special Diet.)

FREE SAMPLE PACKETS OF THE Infallible remedy for Leucoderma or White Leprosy to prove its efficacy and to show that the disease is not incurable as supposed. It never fails. The sample packet will be enough to produce wonders in only one inch spot. Write for it at once, per V.P.P. for As. 6 to meet the cost of its transmission. Details of infallible remedies for Constipation, Dyspepsia, etc., etc. PANDIT KRIPARAM (Specialist in Leprosy.) 8, Nandibagan Lane, Salkhia, (Howrah).

N.B.—"Leprosy and its Treatment," guide to cure Leprosy. Price Rs. 2, postage As. 5 extra.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

PHOTOGRAPHS.

Photographs of general interest are invited from readers, from all parts of India for publication in "The Chronicle." preference will be given to topical photographs on subjects of political, general, engineering, scientific or other interest. Accepted photographs will be paid for on publication, at usual rates.

The Editor undertakes no responsibility for the return of unaccepted photographs, but every endeavour will be made to return rejected photographs, accompanied by stamped addressed envelope.

All protographs must be sent to the

EDITOR,
"Bombay Chronicle."

FRUITS, FLOWERS, SEEDS.

QUETTA LOVELY FRUITS fresh and Dry of Special Quality are always supplied. AFGHANISTAN FRUIT AGENCY, Quetta.
R1327

MISCELLANEOUS WANTED.

WANTED—OPTICAL GOODS SUPPLYING FIRMS to communicate lowest wholesale rates with Catalogues. APTE SONS, Karwar.
N R1586

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

LOOK HERE:—Renowned ILKAL SARRIES, colour guaranteed. Particulars in catalogue. SHRI MAHALUXMI SILK SARRI MANUFACTORY, ILKAL. Distt. Bijapur, M. S. M. Rly.
T R1585

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1013 of 1924.

PEEROJSHAW COOVERJI UMRIGAR and others ..... Plaintiffs.

versus

MANECKJI JIWANJI MASTER ..... Defendant.

PURSUANT to the Decree Absolute for Sale made in the above suit and bearing date the 4th day of February, 1925, the following immoveable property will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on THURSDAY, the 3rd day of September, 1925, at the hour of 3 O'clock in the afternoon (Standard time).

PARTICULARS.

All that piece of leasehold land, situate on the Colaba Estate of the Bombay Port Trust, in the City and Registration District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 581 4/9 square yards and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the North by the land leased to Gungadas Tulsidas on or towards the South by land leased to Abdulla Parpia and others, on or towards the East by the Sassoon Dock siding and on or towards the West by Wodehouse Road and which said premises are registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 2/9705 and Cadastral No. 120 of the Colaba Division together with the tenements standing thereon assessed by the Bombay Municipality, under Ward A No. 235 (5), Street No. 31 E.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. Ardesir Hormusji Dinshaw and Co., Attorneys for the plaintiffs at No. 113, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 13th day of July, 1925.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Ag. Commissioner.
C23819

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JAPANESE COMPETITION
SERIES OF SPECIAL ARTICLES
Reprinted from the
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THERAPION No. 1
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No. 1 for Bladder Catarrh. No. 2 for blood & Skin Diseases. No. 3 for Chronic Weaknesses.
SOLD BY LEADING CHEMISTS. PRICE IN ENGLAND 3s.
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SEE TRADE MARKED WORD "THERAPION" IS ON BRIT. GOVT. STAMP AFFIXED TO GENUINE PACKETS.

AMUSEMENTS

PATHE' CINEMA
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
NOW PLAYING
THE GREATEST PRESCRIPTION FOR WORRY AND GLOOM
HAROLD LLOYD
IN
DR. JACK
COME AND GET THE LAUGH OF YOUR LIFE.
PICTORIAL NO. 10.
HOOF BEATS
(SPORTS LIGHT).
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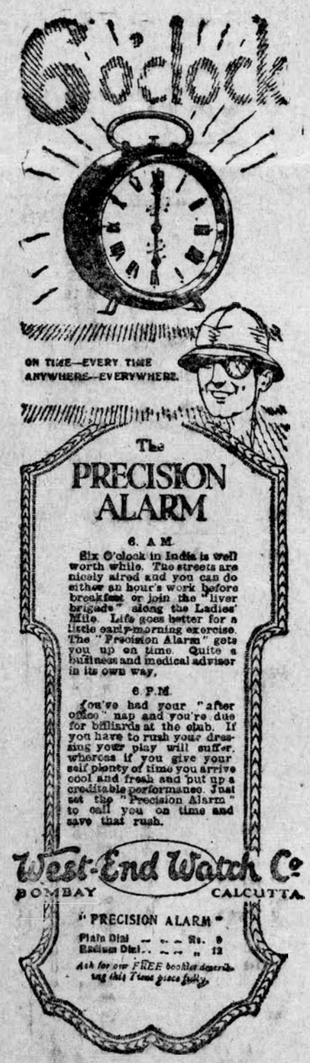
RAILWAY CENTENARY CELEBRATIONS
"SUZANNE" STILL CHAMPION.
Time:—4, 6, 8 and 10 P.M.
POPULAR PRICES.

CINEMA MAJESTIC
Presents This Week
ROYAL ART STUDIO'S PICTURE
MULRAJ SOLANKI.
Time and Rates as Usual.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ON TIME—EVERY TIME ANYWHERE—EVERYWHERE.
The PRECISION ALARM
6 A.M.
Six O'clock in India is well worth while. The streets are nicely aired and you can do either an hour's work before breakfast or join the "liver brigade" along the Ladies' Mile. Life goes better for a little early morning exercise. The "Precision Alarm" gets you up on time. Quite a fruitful and medical adviser in its own way.
6 P.M.
You've had your "after coffee" nap and you're due for billiards at the club. If you have to rush your dressing your play will suffer, whereas if you give yourself plenty of time you arrive cool and fresh and put up a creditable performance. Just set the "Precision Alarm" to call you on time and save that rush.
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"PRECISION ALARM"
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For particulars about this Medicine Ask your chemist or

KESARI KUTEERAM,
INDIAN CHEMISTS & DRUGGISTS.
EGMORE, MADRAS.

BOMBAY COTTON MARKET.

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Bombay, August 5.

Yesterday New York market showed a slight change. To-day Reuter reported 28 to 19 points lower in New York futures. The market eased on continued long liquidation on reports of good rain in Texas. Liverpool has been reported 2 to 1 point up.

Messrs. Umrigar and Vesugar's New York friends Messrs A. Norden and Co., cable under following dates as under:

Dated 3rd instant:—"Absence of hedge selling pressure. Out-look continues to improve."

Dated 4th instant:—"Good rain in Northern Texas. Market likely to go lower."

According to cable reports the dry weather in Texas has been entirely broken, and this district has now had fairly good rains. All eyes are now eagerly awaiting the publication of the next Official Agricultural Report which will be published in America on the 8th instant, and it is to be seen whether the Government this time issues a bearish or bullish document. Private authorities lay down the estimated condition of Oklahama as 70 per cent. and of Texas 50 per cent.

In accordance with lower advices reported in New York futures, the Marwari Bazar opened Rs. 3½ lower with Broach July-August at Rs. 454. On buying by Bazar operators the market advanced to Rs. 456½ and closed easy at Rs. 456 on Commission Houses selling. Whilst Broach May opened at Rs. 422 and improved to Rs. 423½ on buying by Marwari shroffs, Exporters and Comfission Houses and the market closed at Rs. 423. At Cotton Green the market opened at Rs. 423 and closed at the same rate at 6-30 p.m.

Fine M. G. Oomra January opened at Rs. 405½ and went up to Rs. 407 on buying by Commission Houses and Bazar operators and the market closed at Rs. 406½. Marwari Shroffs were moderate sellers. Bengal January was quoted at Rs. 362 nominal.

Our market for ready cotton was closed yesterday.

To-day nothing was tendered against Broach contracts.

COTTON.

Cotton Green Closing Quotations 6-30 p.m.

	Bombay, Aug. 5.
Fully Good Broach April/May	423
Fully Good Broach July/Aug.	456
Fully Good Bengal Dec/Jan.	360
Fine Oomra Dec/Jan.	406

SPOT QUOTATIONS.

	Bombay, Aug. 5.			
Description,	Superfine,	Fine.	F. Good.	Goo
M.G. Kadi-Viramgaon	466	456	446	436
M.G. Dhollera	461	451	441	431
M.G. Punjab-Americs	506	496	486	476
M.G. Broach	486	476	466	456
M.G. Southerns		441	431	421

EAST INDIAN COTTON ASSOCIATION.

	Bombay, Aug. 5.
Fully Good Broach April/May	423
Fully Good Broach July/Aug.	456
Fully Good Bengal Dec/Jan.	360
Fine Oomra Dec/Jan.	406

READY APPROXIMATE QUOTATIONS

	Bombay, Aug. 5. Ready average quality.	Ready Fine
Bengal Superfine M.G.	.....	.....
Bengal Fine M.G.	.....	395/400
Bengal F.G.M.G.	375/80	.....
Sindh-Punjab Fine M.G.	.....	395/400
Sindh-Punjab F.G.M.G.	375/80	.....
Punjab-Americans M.G.	450/60	470
Wardha-Hinght Fine MG.	410/420	460
Nagpur Fine M.G.	400/410	460
Yeotmal Fine M.G.	400/410	440
Pulgaon Fine M. G.	415/420	440/5
Dhamangaon Fine M.G.	395/405	440
Amraoti Fine M.G.	380/90	430
Khamgaon-Akola Fine MG	380/90	420
Mulkapur Fine M.G.	370/80	400/410
Kandesa Fine M.G.	355/60	4
Khandesh F.G.M.G.	.....	.....
Broach Fine M.G.	.....	465/70
Broach Fully Good M.G.	.....	455/66
Muthia Fine M.G.	.....	.....
Muthia F.G.M.G.	.....	.....
Dharwar S.G.	.....	450
Coompta M. G.	.....	450/
Westerns M. G.	.....	415/425
Westerns H.G.	.....	.....
Miraj M.G.	.....	.....
Combodia M. G.	.....	485/95

RECEIPTS.

Bombay, Aug. 5.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce etc., for the 72 hours ending 6 p.m. on 3rd August, 1925:

Cotton	2838 Bs.
Wheat	6896 Cwts
Linseed	4016 ,,
Rape, etc.	1119 ,,
Gingellyseed	970 ,,
Poppyseed	1120 ,,
Groundnuts	3367 ,,
Castorseed	4279 ,,
Rice	2883 ,,
Myrabollams	691 ,,
Cottonseed	9813 ,,
Mowraseed	Nil
Gram	1657 ,,
Juwar	627 ,,
Masur	276 ,,
Barley	700 ,,
Bajri	4024 ,,
Coal	7855 Tons

NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL QUOTATIONS.

MESSRS. PATEL BROTHERS' REPORT

Bombay, August 5.

NEY MARKET 3RD AUGUST 1925.

Previous Close.	Delivery.	Last known prices in Liverpool.	Closing Prices.	Since previous Close.
24.10	Oct.		24.14	×04
23.63	Jan.		23.60	—03
23.92	Mar.		23.92	—
24.23	May.		24.19	—04

New York Spot on 3rd August, 24.65. New Orleans 23.95—05.

Telegraphic Market Advices:—October highest 24.18 (12—49 p.m.) lowest 23.39 (10—19 a.m.), range .29 points. Small market. Rain has done much good Western Texas; rains have taken place but more needed in Central Texas.

NEW YORK MARKET, 4TH AUGUST 1925.

Previous Close.	Delivery.	Last known prices in Liverpool.	Closing Prices.	Since previous close.
24.14	Oct.	24.22+09	23.86	—28
23.60	Jan.		23.35	—25
23.92	Mar.		23.65	—27
24.19	May.		24.00	—19

Telegraphic Market Advices:—October highest 24.27 (at the opening), lowest 23.86 (at the close), range .41 points. Longs liquidating on expectations of Weekly Government Weather Report favourable.

LIVERPOOL MARKET, 3RD AUGUST CLOSED.

LIVERPOOL MARKET, 4TH AUGUST 1925.

Previous Close.	Delivery.	Opening Prices.	Prices at 12 noon.	Closing Prices.	Since previous Close.
12.74	Oct.	12.77+03	12.75+01	12.76	+02
12.68	Jan.	12.71+03		12.70	+02
12.72	Mar.			12.74	+02
12.76	May			12.77	+01
Egyptian,					
23.65	Nov.			24.00	+35
22.55	Jan.			22.90	+35

Telegraphic Market Advices:—(1) Cabled 2nd August: Heavy rains San Antonio (Texas) Southward to Laredo (Texas). Heat wave broken.

(2) Cabled 11-15 a.m.; Slightly warmer; light to moderate rainfall Texas Gulf Coast.

(3) Cabled 12-15 p.m.: Market steady on scattered buying, absence of contracts, good Egyptian market

(4) Cabled 5-35 p.m.: Small market, offerings limited, Manchester firm.

P. CHRYSTAL & CO.

DAILY COTTON REPORT.

Bombay, August 5.

(Bombay Quotations at 2-30 p. m.)

Description.	1925 Ready	1926 J/Aug.	1926 A/May
1924-1925 Crop			
Broach M.G.F.G.	—460/65	456 1/2	423 D/Jan
Oomra M.G. Fine	—420/30		406 1/2
Bengal M. G. Fine	—400/405		
„ M. G. F. G.	—380/85	359	
Khandesh Black leaf	—365/80		
Khandwa-Sanavad	—385/410		
Jalna/Aurrangabad.	—370/400		
Harda	—375/420		
Ujjain	—360/430		
Parbhani Purna.	—390/420		
Nander.	—390/420		
Wardha/Warora *	—440/445		
Nagpur Katol	—445/50		
Adoni	—415/20		
Sindh/American	—480/495		
Sangli Miraj*	—425/435		
Bagalkot	—415/425		
Coompta*	—440/52		
Tirupur	—475/490		
Kadi Vramgam M.G.F.G.	—440/445		
Dhollera M.G.F.G.	—435/40		

* No demand.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F. P. Bales	1924-25	1923-24
Receipts to date 4-8-25	29000	9000
„ Yesterday do	5000	3000
Exports to date do	23000	15000
Stock at Ports 31-7-25	211000	221000
„ Interior Towns do	136000	—
„ Liverpool do	642000	414000
Visible Supply 4-8-25	1131000	924000
Quantity in Sight do	14708000	11607000

Receipts at Bombay.

Yesterday.	1924-25	1923-24	1922-23
2838	3567751	3206328	3594769

Exports by rail from 1st Sept. to 30th July.

1924-25	1923-24
15164	21092

Total Stock in Bombay on 30-7-25 6,00,532 B/s. last year—6,50,825 B/s.

Total Shipments from 1st, Sept, to 30th July.

	1924-1925	1923-1924	1922-1923
Europe	666915	1075651	818663
China	348240	238568	374752
Japan	1622787	1254425	1689091
Coast-Ports	30830	51161	49690
Total	2668772	2620195	2932196
Afloat in harbour			
Europe	9176	3422	1506
China Japan & Coast ports	14222	392	530
Silver	Gold	Govt Paper.	
72-1-0	21-4-9	69-11-0	

Remarks:—12-15 p.m. Yesterday New York declined 28 to 19 points and Liverpool advanced 2 points. There has been some rain in Texas which must have done good but this does not necessarily mean that the drought is broken.

The local market opened here this morning with old Broach at Rs. 454, new Broach at Rs. 422/422½, Oomras Rs. 406/406½ and

(Continued on next page.)

COMMERCIAL.

(Continued from previous page)

Bengals at Rs. 360, and is steady at these rates.

Sampin closed this morning at 331.70, 320.40 and 316.30, for August, November and February, these rates being .70, 1.10, 1.60 down respectively.

Ready Cotton:—Our market was closed Yesterday.

Marwadi Bazar, Wednes. 2-30 p.m. Market:—Steady.

Broach July/August Rs. 457. A/May 1926 Rs. 423¼ Oomra Dec/January Rs. 407 Bengal D/January Rs. 359½.

BREUL & CO.'S MARKET REPORT.

EAST INDIAN COTTON.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

BOMBAY, Aug. 5.

In full-pressed Bales	Since 1st September, 3 Days	This year	Last year
Khandesh	66	293,062	340,316
Central India	148	341,825	301,908
Barsi and Nagar	—	206,359	205,228
Hyderabad-Gaorani	—	97,132	104,038
Berar	682	565,833	646,963
Central Provinces	31	255,542	268,569
Total Oomras	927	1,759,753	1,867,007
Dholera	—	312,037	183,734
N.-W. Provinces	52	131,231	122,636
Rajputana	192	80,746	89,972
Sind-Punjab	—	362,168	309,104
Broach	8	481,708	307,772
Coompta & Dharwar	658	204,200	184,581
Westerns-Northerns	712	112,690	89,694
Cocoanada	—	1,759	2,312
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	204	36,575	29,491
Persian	70	5,817	9,410
American	—	9,649	2
Egyptian and African	15	65,823	69,887
Comilla, Burma & other sorts	—	3,495	826
Total	2,838	35,67,751	32,66,328

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

In full-pressed Bales	3-8-25.	1st Sept. to 30th July This year.	Last year
Europe	1,202	666,915	1,075,651
Japan & China	4,800	1,968,027	1,493,383
Coast Ports	—	30,830	51,161
Up-country by Rail float in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	—	15,164	21,092
	—	23,398	3,814
Total	6,002	27,04,334	2,645,101

COTTON.

Liverpool, August 4.

Total Day's Sales at Liverpool 3,000 Bales.

Total Day's Sales on Spec. and for Exp. 100 Bales.

Total Day's of East Indian nil.

Mid. Americans Spot. Universal Standard 13.44 quiet.

Egyptian F. G. F. Sakellaridis, 32.45.

New York 11 a.m.:—

(As known in Liverpool at closing time).

October	21.22
January	23.69
March	24.00

New York Noon Call:—

October	24.10
January	23.52
March	23.85

New Orleans 10 a.m.:—

October	23.48
January	23.67

New York closes at 11/45 on 8th August.

Liverpool, Aug. 4.

Cotton Delivery Mid. Uplands G. O. C. Liverpool.

October	12.76+.02
January	12.70+.02
March	12.74+.02
May	12.77+.01

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, August 5.

Future Delivery Prices:—

August	12.85—16
October	12.59—17
December	12.57—14
January	12.55—15
March	12.59—15
May	12.62—15

Egyptians.

January	22.65—25

EGYPTIANS.

Liverpool, Aug. 4.

November	23.95+.30
January	22.85+.30

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Aug. 4.

August	27.95+.35
September	26.60+.35
October	25.75+.35
November	24.00+.35
December	23.50+.35
January	22.90+.35
February	22.85+.35
March	22.65+.35
April	22.60+.35
May	22.55+.35
June	22.50+.35
July	22.45+.35

Manchester Tone:—Firm demand business irregular.

Yarns:—Quiet demand.

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Aug. 4.

August	13.01+.02
September	12.87+.02
October	12.76+.02
November	12.69+.02
December	12.71+.02
January	12.70+.02
February	12.70+.02
March	12.74+.02
April	12.73+.01
May	12.77+.01
June	12.73+.01
July	12.73+.01
August	12.71+.01

Tone:—Steady.

AMERICAN COTTON MARKET.

New York Aug. 4.

Futures at New York.

October	23.86—.28
January	23.35—.25
March	23.65—.27
May	24.00—.19

Liverpool, August 4.

Figures of Exports of Cotton from America for July 1925:

To Great Britain 25,000 Bales.

To Continent 108,000 Bales.

To Japan 9,000 Bales.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York Aug. 4.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports 5,000.

Futures at New York.

October	23.86—.28
January	23.35—.25
March	23.65—.27
May	24.00—.19
Spot Cotton at New York	24.40—.25
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	23.65—.30

Futures at New Orleans.

October	23.16—.27
January	23.35—.31

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 20 1/4.

Demand Bills 4.85.37.

Silver Commercial Bars Foreign mined 69 5/8.

COTTON.

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Aug. 4.

Scinde, "Good"	9.70
Scinde, "Fully Good"	10.10
Scinde, "Fine"	10.50
Bengal, "Good"	9.80
Bengal, "Fully Good"	10.20
Bengal, "Fine"	10.60
Oomra, "Good"	10.50
Oomra, "Fully Good"	10.80
Oomra, "Fine"	11.30
Broach, "Good"	11.65
Oomra, "Fine"	12.05

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

London, Aug. 4.

	Bales.
Total in Sight	14,708,000
Egyptian Visible Supply	104,000
East Indian Visible Supply	172,000
American Visible Supply	1,131,000
Other Visible Supply	348,000
Total Sales	20,000
East Indian Sales	600
Total Speculation	.....
Total Export	.....
East India Export	.....
East Indian Stock	37,000
East Indian Forwarded	6,700
East Indian Actual Export	.....
East Indian Import of the week	3,000
East Indian Speculation	100
American Afloat	19,000
East Indian Afloat	22,000
Total Afloat	142,000

Taking of the worlds Spinners of American Cotton 210,000 bales.

WHEAT.

Barletta Russo—62½ lbs. January/August sellers 58/6.

Rozario Santa Fe—63½ lbs. July/August sellers 60 lbs.

Tone:—Firm and dearer.

Australian July/August sellers 57/6.

Choice White Karachi July/August nominal 58/6.

Tone:—Firm and dearer.

Wheat afloat to United Kingdom 2,075,000 quarters.

Cargos Paid:—West Australian Wheat 57/6 July to United Kingdom.

Newsouthwales Wheat 56/9 June to United Kingdom Victorian Wheat 58/3 June to Alexandria.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Bombay, Aug. 5, 6-30 p.m.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Bombay Marwari Chamber of Commerce.

	Bazar Terms. Rs. a. p.	Rail Delivery. Rs. a. p.
READY.		
Wheat, White Delhi 70-30	56 0 0	8 6 0
Wheat, White Cawnpore 70-30	57 0 0	8 6 0
Wheat Karachi Bangla	53 0 0	8 2 0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	11 4 0	11 14
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore	11 2 0	11 2
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore	12 10 0	13 4 0
Linseed, Brown Bold	12 10 0	13 4
Linseed, Brown Thin	12 6 0	13 1
Teelseed, White 85-15	72 0 0	14 12
Teelseed, Gajar 50-50	70 0 0	14 4
Teelseed, Gajar 50-50 Teelseed, Black	68 0 0	13 12
	63 0 0	12 14
Poppyseed, White	13 2 0	13 14 0
Groundnuts	72 0 0	14 18 0
Mowraseed	9 9 0	10 0
Barley	42 0 0	14 8
Castorseed	62 0 0	12 10 0
Cotton Seeds Ready Delivery	.....	.....
Jira	10 0 0	
Forward	Rs. a. p.	
Wheat May	7 15 3	
Wheat, Sept.	8 6 3	
Linseed May	13 3 0	
Linseed, Sept.	13 7 0	

JAVA SUGAR.

London, August 4.

Fine White Java C. and F. Calcutta, August/September sellers 15/6.

Fine White Java C. and F. Calcutta, October/Decmber sellers 15/7½.

Fine White Java C. and F. Calcutta, January/March sellers 15/10½.

Fine White Java C. & F. Bombay, January/March sellers 16/1.

Fine White Java C. and F. Karachi January/March sellers 16/1½.

Tone:—Quiet.

London, August 4.

Cuban Sugar 4th August,

Exchange Belgium	10.628
Athens	30,750

LINSEED.

London, August 4.

Business was done to-day in Linseed Calcutta at £21 7/8 for August/September shipment. In Rapeseed Toria Spot at £21 3/8 for shipment to Rotterdam. In Cargo Wheat Australian at 57½ for July shipment.

Linseed Calcutta Pure Basis Bags August/September done £21 7/8.

Linseed Tone:—Quiet business. Closing rather easier.

Raw Linseed Oil Naked Spot Net August sellers 41 1/8.

Raw Linseed Oil Naked Spot Net:—

August sellers 41 1/8.

September/October done 41/1/8.

SEEDS.

London, August 4.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata):—

£19 7/8 bid £20 August/September sellers.

£19½ January/February sellers.

Trading quiet and disappointing closing rather easy side.

Cottonseed Bombay August/September nominal £9½.

Castoreseed Bombay August/September sellers £22½.

Rapeseed, Ferozepore, Usual Bold, per ton August/September sellers £21¼.

Rapeseed, Toria, per ton August/September sellers £21 7/8.

Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat, per ton August/September nominal 23 3/8.

Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore, per ton August/September nominal £20 7/8.

Tone or Rapeseed:—Rather firmer little doing.

Yellow Cawnpore August/September nominal 23 1/8.

Linseed Bombay August/September £22 7/8.

METAL REPORT.

London, August 4.

English best Selected Copper £64½.

Standard Copper G. M. B. £62 3/8.

Copper Braziers £80½.

Yellow Metal £68¼.

Yellow Metal £68½ net per ton.

Hard Spelter £30 7/8.

Corrugated Sheets £16 1/8.

Tin Block £264½.

RUBBER.

London, August 4.

Para Up River Fine, Spot September/October sellers 48.

Tone:—Easier.

Plantation First Latex Crepe Spot August value 44½.

Tone:—Very irregular. Closing steadier.

BARLEY.

London, August 4.

Karachi Barley August/September sellers 41.

FREIGHT.

London, August 4.

Freight of Coal Cardiff to Bombay 15 to 15/6.

BOMBAY-CHINA YARN MARKETS.

Daily Quotations.

Bombay, Aug. 5.

		Per lb.	Rs. a. p.
Kilachand	No. 14¼		0 12 3
Kilachand	No. 20½		0 13 3
Currimbhai	No. 12½		0 11 9
Elphinstone	No. 12½		0 11 9
Dawid	No. 10½		0 11 0
Shapurji	No. 10½		0 10 9
Trikamdas	No. 10½		0 11 3
Sattara	No. 12½		0 12 0
Shapurji	No. 6½		0 9 9
Light-house	No. 6½		0 9 9
Japan	No. 40-1		1 3 9
Japan	No. 42-2		1 5 6
Japan	No. 20		0 15 0
Japan	No. 32		1 1 9

THE METAL MERCHANTS CO

Issued Rates for Brass and Copper

Daily Quotations.

BRASS

Bombay, Aug. 5.

	Per md.	Rs. a. p.
Brass, English	¾	56 8 0
Brass, English	1	56 8 0
Brass, English	1¼	56 8 0
Brass, English	1½	56 8 0
Brass, English	1¾	56 8 0
Brass, English	2	56 8 0

COPPER.

Bombay, Aug. 5.

	Per Md.	Rs. a. p.
Copper, German	¾	62 8 0
Copper, German	1	62 8 0
Copper, German	1¼	62 8 0
Copper, American	1½	62 8 0
Copper, American	1¾	62 8 0
Copper, American	2	62 8 0
Japanese Copper Bars		62 8 0
Panchteka joint		28 0 0
Copper, English Bars		61 0 0
Brass Bars		40 0 0
Pat Klai		67 0 0
Lead, country		26 0 0
Koger Brass, Metal ¾ to 1		54 8 0
Koger Brass, 1¼ to 1½, 1¾ to 2		54 8 0
German Copper 1¼ to 1¾ to 2		62 8 0
American Copper ¾ to 1, 1¼		62 8 0

OUTLOOK IN NEW YORK.

Messrs. Ratilal and Co., have received the following cables from their New York friends Messrs A. Norden and Co.:—

New York, Aug. 3.

"Absence of hedge pressure. Outlook continues to improve"

New York, Aug. 4.,

"Good rain Northern Texas, likely to go lower."

The Executive Council of the Allahabad University has passed a resolution that except with the permission of the Vice Chancellor no female student shall be admitted to any of the B.A. classes along with the male students. The legality of the step is questioned by the "Leader". A meeting of the women of Allahabad is announced to take place next Thursday to consider the resolution.—A.P.

SHARES.

Ribbed smoked sheets August paid value £44½.

Hongkong Bank £138½.

Chartered Bank £19 7/8.

National Bank £46½.

P. and O. Bank £9½.

Eastern Bank £6 1/16.

SHARE BAZAR REPORT.

Bombay, Aug. 5.

There is no change in the market, the fluctuations are narrow and the volume of business limited and confined to Bazar Jobbers. The market, on the whole is steady but uncertain in view of the uncertainty as to what course the Association will take in regard to Government proposals.

Bombay Aug. 5.

LOCAL BANKS.	Paid up Rs.	Last Divid.	Quotation Rs.
Bank of India	50	3	70 4
Baroda	50	4	70 8
Central Co-operative	50	7½	50
Central	25	1½	23 8
Eastern	£ 5	9 p.c.	81
Imperial	500		14028
Imperial Contributory	125	10	362 8
Union	72	—	3 7
CEMENTS AND MANGANESE COMPANIES.			
Bundi Portland Cement Co.	10	—	7
Central India Mining	10	4-8y	27 8
Indian Cement O.	350	—	27⅛8
Katni Cement O.	100	—	37.8
Katni Cement D.	40	—	90
Punjab Cement O.	10	—	2
Shivrajpure	10	8—0	47
RAILWAY COMPANIES.			
Ahmedabad Prantej	500	11 p.c.	830
Amritsar Pattis	100	10 p.c.	142 8
Central Provinces	100	7½ p.c.	114
Dhond Baramati	100	6 p.c.	87
Guzerat	100	5 p.c.	83 8
Hoshiarpur Doab	100	5 p.c.	75
Larkana	100	5 p.c.	74
Mandra Bhon	90	5 p.c.	69
Pachora Jammer	100	5 p.c.	76
Sara Sirajgunj	100	5 p.c.	78
Sialkot Narowal	100	5 p.c.	46
Sind Linght	100	6 p.c.	150
Tapti Valley	500	8 p.c.	642 8
Upper Sind Light	100	4 p.c.	72
STEAMER COMPANIES.			
Bombay Steam Navigation O.	250	—	86 4
Bombay Steam Navigation P.	250	—	182 8
Scindia Steam	30	—	6 7
ELECTRIC UNDERTAKINGS.			
Ahmedabad Electricity	100	5 p.c.	85
Andhra Valley O.	1,000	—	492 8
Andhra Valley P.	1,000	—	820
Bombay Tramways O.	50	4	95
Bombay Tramways P	50	7 p.c.	60 8
Tata Hydro-Elec. O.	1,000	30	817 8
Tata HydroElec. P.	1,000	7 p.c.	840
Karachi Electricity	100	6	93
Surat Electricity	100	—	75
Tata Power O.	1,000	—	365
Tata Power P.	1,000	—	510
PRESS COMPANIES.			
Akbar	500	—	475
Fort	475	—	200
Harvey & Sabapathy	500	90-35	1000
Indian Cotton	125	20	195
Manmad Manufacturing	250	—	250
New Berar	500	80	770
New East India	1,000	—	2500
New Mofussil P.	400	40	650
New Prince of Wales	500	61	800
Volkart U. P.	500	50	660
MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.			
Alcock Ashdown	100	—	130
Belapur Co. Ltd.	75	—	13
B. Burma T. Corporation Old.	125	7-8	355
B Burma T. Corporation New	50	5	87 8
Burma Corporation	10	0-6	92
Bombay Uganda	80	4-12	40
British Burma Petroleum	Sh. 8	—	4 10
Indo-Burma Petroleum.	100	17-8	225
Jost Engineering	50	7-8	90
Mckenzie	100	30 p.c.	337-8
New Union Flour Mills	100	—	35
Port Canning	1,000	50	675
Sardar Carbonic Gas	100	—	60
Tata Iron Pref. 1st	150	6 p.c.	90
Tata Iron Pref. 2nd	100	—	28
Tata Iron Defd.	30	—	578
Tata Iron and Steel Co. O.	75	—	15 4
Thacker	50	—	200
Telephone	50	1	22
INSURANCE COMPANIES.			
Empire of India Life	50	22-8	420
Jupiter	15	—	4 8
New India	25	1-0	13 4
Oriental Life	50	30 p.c.	600
Vulcan	10	6 ans	
MILLS.	Rs.		
Ahmedabad Advance	100	12	397 8
Alliance	100	—	60
Apollo	50	—	10
Assur Virjee	100	—	8
Berar Manfg.	200	30	300
Bombay Cotton O.	500	15	400
Bombay Cotton P.	10	5 p.c.	5 10
Bombay Dyeing etc.	250	50	—
Bombay Industrial	100	—	15
Bombay Woollen	100	—	70
Bradbury	250	10	370
Bradbury P.	250	7 p.c.	200
Broach Fine Counts	250	—	35
Century	100	20y	348 12
Central India O.	100	16	466 4
Central P.	500	5 p.c.	405
Ceylon	100	—	45
Colaba Land & Mill	100	7-8y	101 4
Coorla	100	7	145
Crescent	100	6	205
Currimbhoy	250	—	355
David	500	—	400
Dawn	250	40	590
Diamond O.	100	—	11
E. D. Sassoon United O.	10	—	1
Ebrahimbhoy Pabaney	250	15y	295
Edward Sassoon	200	—	140
Elphinstone O.	100	—	26
Emperor Edward	500	—	330
Fazulbhoy	250	25	822 8
Finlay	100	20	132 8
Framjee Petit	1,000	—	750
Globe	100	—	47 84
Gokak	100	7	103 12
Gold Mohur	100	—	18
Hindoostan	1,000	100	10 25
Indian Bleaching, etc.	100	10,	213 12
Indian Manufacturing	1,000	75	—
Indore-Malwa United	100	10	393 12
Indian Woollen	50	—	10 12
Jamshed O.	250	—	70
Kastoorchand	500	—	92 2
Khandesh	1,000	200	2300
Khatau Makanjee	100	6	87 8
Kilachand	25	—	5 12
Kohinoor	500	—	1010
Lakshmi Cotton	1,000	350	4700
Madhorao Scindia	100	—	27 8
Madhowji Dharamsi	100	—	126 4
Madras United	250	15	500
Maneckjee Petit	1,000	100	2400
Mathuradas	100	—	160
Meyer Sassoon	500	—	110
Morarjee Goculdas	1,000	60	2400
Model Mills, Nagpur	250	—	150
Mysore	50	5	110
New City of Bombay	100	10	215
New Great Eastern	200	10y	298 12
Osmanshahi (100)	75	—	67
Pearl	250	12	453 12
Phoenix	100	15	435
Planet	100	—	15
Premier	100	—	65
Sassoon Cotton	100	—	30 8
Sassoon Silk	500	—	560
Sholapur	1,000	1000	9800
Simplex	250	—	110
Sir Shapurji Broacha	100	—	70
Standard	500	100	1375
Swadeshi	100	18	457 8
Swan	100	50	165
Tata Mill O.	500	—	75
Vishnu Cotton O	500	90	1700
Vishnu P.	500	35	510
Western India Spng.	1,000	40	560

SHARE-MARKET FLUCTUATIONS

Bombay, July 31

Ahmedabad Advance				397-8
Bombay Cotton				400
Bombay Dyeing	811-4	813-12	808-12	812-8
Century	346-4	347-8	345	346-4
Central India	463-12	465	463-12	465
Colaba Land				101 4
Crescent				205
Edward Sassoon				140
Fazulbhoy	820	823-12	820	822-8
Finlay				132-8
Globe				47-8
Gokak				103-12
Indian Bleaching				213-12
Indore Malwa	393-12			395
Kohinoor				1010
Madhowjee				126-4
Mathuradas				160
Meyer Sassoon				111-4
Mysore				110
New Great	295	300	297-8	298-12
Pabaney				295
Pearl	452-8			453-12
Phoenix				435
Simplex	111-4	112-8	111-4	110
Swadeshi	453-12	457-8	53-12	457-8
Swan Mills				165
Tata Mill				75

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock				130
Bombay Steam				86-4
Tram Co., Oad.	95	93-12		95
Bundi Cement				7
Indian Cement				27 8
Central India Mining				27-8
Katni Cement Ord.				37-8
Shivrajpur				47
Tata Hydro	817-3	818-12		817 8
Tata Iron & Steel, Ord.				14-12
Tata Iron & Steel, Def.	41-4	51-4	41-4	57-8

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Bombay, August 5

	Rs. a.
3½ per cent. Rupee Paper	69 10
4 per cent. Conversion Loan 1931-36	87 0
5 per cent. War Loan 1929-47	96 0
5 per cent. Loan (Tax Free) 1933	100 4
5 per cent. Loan (Tax Free) 1945-55	100 3
5½ per cent. War Bonds (Tax Free) 1925	103 5
5½ per cent. War Bonds (Tax Free) 1928	105 14
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) 1926	101 14
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) 1927	102 11
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) 1930	104 10
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) 1931	105 2
6 per cent. Bonds (Tax Free) 1932	105 12
6½ per cent. Bombay Development Loan (Tax Free) 1935	109 11
4 per cent. Port Trust 1974	76 8
4 per cent. Municipal 1974	76 0
4 per cent. Improvement Trust 1974	76 0
6 per cent. Port Trust 1930	100 4
6 per cent. Municipal 1929-49	100 8

Tone of Market:—Quiet but Steady.

MONEY MARKET.

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Aug. 5.

B. O. RATE—

Bank's selling T T 1/6 1/32.

Bank's selling D D 1/6 1/16.

LONDON—

Bank's selling T T 1/6 3/32.

Bank's selling D D 1/6 1/8.

Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 1/6 3/8.

Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/8.

Bank's buying D D 1/6 5/32.

PARIS—

Bank's selling D D Frcs. 745

Bank's buying 3 M/st D A Frcs. 810.

Bank's buying D D Frcs. 795.

JAPAN—

Bank's selling T T Rs. 113.

Bank's buying 60 D/st D P Rs. 109.

HONGKONG—

Bank's selling D D Rs. 157.

SHANGHAI—

Bank's selling D D Rs. 212.

SINGAPORE—

Bank's selling D D Rs. 157½.

NEW YORK—

Bank's selling D D Rs. 273½.

CROSS RATES—

London—New York Dol. 4.85 13-16.

London—Paris Frcs. 102.53.

London—Switzerland Frcs. 25.00.

London Brussels Frcs. 106.00

London—Rome Liras 134.00

London—Berlin Marks 20.40.

TONE OF EXCHANGE—

Steady market.

London, Aug. 4.

Tele. Transfers 1/6 5/32 steady.

Bar Gold £4.4 11½ steady.

Bar Silver Spot 32 steady.

London, Aug. 4.

Rentes 3 per cent 48 1/2.

Bar Silver (Spot) 32.

Bar Silver 2 months hence 32 1/8 (previous 32 1/16.)

Closing Tone of Silver:—Steady.

Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 per cent since 5th March 1925.

Interest day to day loans 4 1/8.

Interest 7 days market loans 3 1/4.

Sovereigns received from South African £500,000.

Bars sold £70,000

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Aug. 5.

Bank Telegraphic	1/6 3/32
Bank Demand	1/6 3/32
Doc. Acceptance 3 m/s.	1/6 3/8
Fcs. Demand	747
American Dollars	274
Hongkong Dollars	15/7
Shanghai	212
Japan	113 1/4
Singapore	157 1/2

Tone:—Market steady.

EXCHANGE ON CONTINENTAL CENTRES.

MIDDLE QUOTATIONS.

Stockholm 18.07.

Christiania 26.25.

Amsterdam 12.08.

Switzerland 25.01.

Belgian 163.87.

The Bombay Mails of 18th July were delivered in London on 4th August.

London, August 4.

Exchange on London in Paris 102.42.

Exchange on London in Germany 20.40.

Exchange on London in Italy 133.00.

New York, August 4.

Demand Bills 4.85.37.

DISCOUNTS.

London, August 4.

Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st 4¼ October.

Discount Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st. 4 5/16 November.

Discount Fine Trade Bills 3 m/st 5 3/8.

Discount Fine Trade Bills 6 m/st 5¾.

Rentes 5 per cent. 15 7/8.

3 months London Discounts 4 1/4 p.c.

6 months London Discounts 4 1/2 p.c.

Call Money 1 3/4 per cent.

One month fixed deposit rate 1 1/2 p.c.

Three months fixed deposit rate 1 1/2 p.c.

Six months fixed deposit rate 3 p.c.

STOCKS, ETC.

Funding Loan 4 per cent. 1960/90 £88¼ +1/8.

Victory Bonds 4 per cent. £91 5/8 +1/8.

War Loan 5 per cent. 1929/47 £100 7/16

Conversion Loan £77 1/16.

Indian Loan 5½ per cent. £101¼.

Indian Loan 7 per cent. £105½.

Consols 2½ per cent. 56¼.

Rupee Paper 3½ per cent. 51 nominal.

Indian Stock 3½ per cent. (Sterling Loan) 67.

Government Securities 3 per cent. 58.

BULLION.

Bombay, Aug. 5.

Sovereigns ready Rs. 13/6/3.

Sovereigns forward Rs. 13/6.

Bar gold ready Rs. 21/5/6

Bar gold forward Rs. 21/5.

Bar gold 2nd settlement Rs. 21/4/6.

Bar silver ready Rs. 72/4.

Bar silver 1st settlement Rs. 72/3.

Bar silver 2nd settlement Rs. 72/

London, Aug. 4.

Bar gold ready s. 84-11½d.

Silver ready d. 32-0.

Silver forward d. 32/2.

TONE OF SILVER—

Quiet and Steady. Very little business doing. China sold cash and bought forward Market likely to move within narrow limit.

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ENGAGEMENTS

TO-DAY.

The s.s. "Narkunda" with English mails of July 23, due at 10 a.m.

Prof. R. M Joshi's lecture on "Universities on a linguistic Basis," Principal Coverton presiding, Bowen Memorial Hall, Y. M. C. A. Building, Lamington Road Royal Asiatic Society, Bombay:—Papers by Dr. J. M Unvala, Town Hall, 6 p.m.

SATURDAY, August 8.

S.S. "Razmak", with the English mails, leaves at 1 p.m.

Dr. K. K. Dadachanji's lecture on "Swaraj and Indianisation of the Army within 10 years," Mr. M. A. Jinnah presiding, Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall, 6-30 p.m.

MONDAY, August 10.

Royal Asiatic Society:—Paper by Dr. J. M. Unvala on "Syntheticism in Indian Iconography," illustrated by lantern slides Town Hall at 6-30.

SUNRISE AND SUNSET

Aug. 6	(Thurs.)	6h. 17m.	7h. 12m.
Aug. 7	(Fri.)	6h. 17m.	7h. 12m.
Aug. 8	(Sat.)	6h. 17m.	7h. 11m.
Aug. 9	(Sun.)	6h. 18m.	7h. 11m.
Aug. 10	(Mon.)	6h. 18m.	7h. 10m.

A PUBLIC LECTURE.—Today, at 6-30 p.m. Prof. R. M. Joshi, will deliver a lecture on Universities on a Linguistic Basis, in the Bowen Memorial Hall of the Student Y. M. C. A Lamington Road, Principal Coverton will preside.

SIRI GURU SINGH SABHA.—There will be a meeting at 6-30 p.m. to-day (Thursday) and completion of "Akhand Path" in the morning in Gurdawara Singh Sabha, to celebrate the conclusive day of 101 Akhand Paths of jaito.

BOMBAY BRANCH ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.—Meeting of the Society will be held in the Society's Room at 6 p.m. to-day. (Thursday) when Dr. J. M. Unvala, will read papers on I A Persian parallel to the Esther episode of the Bible. II The Mezuzah of the Jews compared with a Parsi Nirang.

On Monday. (10th instant) 6-30 p.m. Dr. Unvala will read a paper on Syntheticism in Indian Iconography, illustrated by lanterslides.

Members may extend an invitation to their friends to hear these lectures.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.—The Homeward P. and O. Mail Steamer "Malojaj" with the mails from Bombay of the 25th ultima arrived at Port Said at 7-30 p.m. on the 3rd instant and left there at 4 a.m. the following day.

The Outward P. and O. Mail Steamer "Moren" with the mails from London of the 30th ultimo arrived at Port Said at 5 a.m. on the 7th instant and left there at 10-30 a.m. the same day.

The Clan line s.s. "Macwilliam" left Liverpool afternoon of 1st instant.

The Clan line s.s. "Mackenzie" left Suez evening of 2nd instant.

HEALTH OF BOMBAY.—During the 31st week 1925, i.e. the week ended 1st instant, the total mortality 567 was 3 less than in the preceding week; the death-rate registered was 23.1". These figures compare favourably with those for the 31st week of 1924 when the mortality was 660 and death-rate 27.68 and with those for the corresponding weeks during the preceding quinquennium 1920-1924 when the average mortality was 778 and death-rate 34.78.

TUESDAY'S RETURNS.

The total mortality from 6 a.m. of 4th instant to 6 a.m. of 5th instant was 75.

Patna, August 5th.—Raja Devaki Nandan Prasad Singh, M.L.C., of Monghyr will present a life-size portrait of Mr. S. Sultan Ahmed, Vice-Chancellor of Patna University, to be hung in the New Senate Hall. —A. P.

POONA RACES
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177 (B) Harrison Road, Calcutta.

RAILWAY ACCIDENT AT BYCULLA.

Rao Bahadur B. N. Athavle, Coroner, concluded inquest on Wednesday touching the death of Pagoo Knema, who succumbed to his injuries received in a railway accident at Byculla on the 31st ultimo under circumstances already reported.

Waman Shridhar Mondha, the Shunting Master, was duly warned before he gave evidence. He said on the 31st of July at about 1 p.m. shunting operations were going on near the Goods Yards at Byculla. There were seven stationery carriages on No. 3 stabling siding. A set of five carriages had to be coupled with the seven carriages. An engine was pushing the five carriages. When the last of the five carriages came in contact with the first of the seven carriages, the seven carriages rolled back in consequence of the impact of the buffers. Suddenly the Shunting Mukadam Soma Shiva raised an alarm that a man had been injured. The engine was stopped. One man was taken out from under the fourth carriage and another from under the seventh carriage. One had his thigh crushed and another had his foot crushed. He called the Mukadam who said the injured men were of his gang but he did not know why they had gone under the carriages.

The jury returned a verdict of death by shock following on compound communicated fracture of the right thigh. The jury remarked that the occurrence was the result of the criminal negligence of the Shunting Master Waman Shridhar and the Shunting Mukadham Soma Shiva in failing to warn the gangmen to be off the railway tract during the period to starting their shunting operations.

PATHAN'S COMPLAINT AGAINST PATHANS.

Mohmed Sherif Nezamdin, a Pathan watchman in the employ of a contractor at Worli, has lodged a complaint with the police against four Pathans charging them with wrongful restraint and robbery of cash Rs. 80/- from his person between 9 a.m. and 3 p.m. on Tuesday.

It appears the complainant was in his hut when one of the accused Fakir Khan came and told him he was wanted by one Juma Khan, a tea shop-keeper, and he went there with Fakir Khan. He found the other accused assembled there. He alleged that the shopkeeper Juma Khan abused him in filthy language and demanded to know how he had taken the employment of one Meadzal. Complainant denied doing so. After abusing the complainant, they took off his turban and tied up his hands behind his back and assaulted him with fists and put him into a room where they kept him tied. After some time the Pathans searched his person and took away Rs 80/- from his pocket and a few minutes later they returned with a piece of paper containing some writing and compelled him to sign it. On his release he complained to a constable. The police arrested the four accused Pathans but they stated that the complainant had taken Rs. 50/- from Fakir Khan to get him an employment who was employed for two days but was sent away afterwards. Police enquiries are in progress.

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W. DRILL „	4	0	0
KHAKI „	4	0	0
W. DRILL TROUSERS	3	10	0
KHAKI TROUSERS ..	3	10	0
SHORTS KHAKI ..	2	4	0
SHORTS DRILL ..	2	0	0
SHIRTS TWILL FROM	1	6	0
SHIRTS ZEPHYR ..	2	8	0

STANDARD SIZES:
SHIRTS up-to 15½" Collar
COATS up-to 38" Chest
—Ask For List—

HARWOOD LEAGUE.

WEST YORKS WIN EASILY.

BOMBAY GYM. BEAT POLICE.

There were two matches due to be played on Wednesday and both produced a good crop of goals. Fourteen goals in all were scored of which the West Yorks "A" bagged six on the Cooperage without response from the Y. M. C. A. It was a one-sided game and the Yorks did pretty much as they liked. Worton who originally played on the right wing performed creditably in the position of centre forward and scored the hat trick.

In the first half the Soldiers led by three goals. Hood scoring the first goal and Worton following up with the next two. They repeated the performance in the following moiety in which Worton was able to complete his hat trick, McHale further increasing the score, and Hood finishing up with the sixth goal.

West Yorks "A":—Stewart; Rhodes and Bowron; Holmes, Everard and Woolston; Pulleston, Godley, Worton, McHale and Hood.

Y. M. C. A.:—Ernst; McKillop and Laughland; Hudson, James and Hayes-Hoare; Moorhouse, Pitt, Irving, McCarthy and Reilly.

Referee.—Mr G. D. Robinson.

GOALS GALORE ON THE OVAL.

The second division match on the Oval provided real excitement. Although not marked by a good standard of football, the match was played at a fast pace, and energy was not lacking. The Police scored first through Gravestone, who incidentally played a sterling game. The Gym. equalised a little before the interval through Haydock who repeated the performance a minute later.

On resumption the Gym. forced the pace and Cummings scored with a placed shot. An infringement of hands against the Police gave Phillips the opportunity of converting the penalty kick. The Police

AMERICAN COTTON FUTURES.

WEDNESDAY'S CLOSING RATE.

+ 11

A cable received from New York at 2 a. m. stated:—

Wednesday's closing rate + 11

New York Market closed.

bucked up after this and Gravestone scored two goals in quick succession. Even play followed after this, but McKenzie for the Gym. added a fifth goal just before full-time as the result of an individual effort.

Bombay Gym "B":—Heaseman; Underdown and Peel; Ross, Phillips and Eckers; Waud, Cummings, Haydock, McKenzie, Livingstone.

City Police.—Godwin; Hewson and Dewy; Shepperd, Rabbitt and Gardener; Littlewood, Gravestone, McKenzie, Dathie, Gulam Ahmed.

Referee.—Mr. J. Watson.

SWIMMING THE CHANNEL.

LONDON, Aug. 5.

Boulogne.—The Frenchwoman Mlle. Jeanne Sion who entered water at Cape Gris Nez yesterday morning to swim the channel was compelled to abandon the attempt at 9-40 in the evening owing to the effects of temperature and water.—Reuter.

COUNTY CRICKET MATCHES.

LONDON, Aug. 4.

The following are the results of County cricket matches, that began on Saturday:—

Sussex vs. Middlesex. Middlesex won by one wicket. Sussex 117 and 201. Middlesex 227 and 92 for nine. (Tate 4 for 33 and Yensley 5 for 41.).

Glahorgan vs H. D. G. Leveson-Gower's XI.: the Match ended in a draw. Glamorgan did not play to-day owing to rain.

Gloucestershire vs. Somerset. Gloucester won on the first innings. Gloucester 360 and 155 for six. Somerset 221. Gloucester did play to-day owing to rain.

Kent vs. Hampshire. Kent won by six wickets. Hampshire 170 and 161. (Mead 72. Marriott 5 for 86, Freeman 5 for 42.) Kent 232. (Kennedy 6 for 62). Kent in the second innings 100 for 4. (Hardinge 52 not out).

Leicestershire vs. Northamptonshire: Leicester won on the first innings. Leicester 245 and 146. (Jupp 4 for 22). Northampton 147. (Skelding 5 for 44). Northampton in the second innings 120 for six.

Surrey vs. Notts. Notts won on the first innings. Notts 313 and 223 for four and declared. (Carr 107 not out). Surrey 302 and 98 for three. (Hobbs one).

Yorkshire vs. Lancashire: Lancashire won on the first innings. Lancashire 320 and 74 for six. (Kilner five for fourteen). Yorkshire 277. (Sutcliffe 66 and Leyland eighty not out (Sibbles four for 60).

Derbyshire vs. Warwickshire: Warwickshire won on the first innings. Warwick 207. Derby 134 and 258 for eight. (G. Jackson sixty).

Worcestershire vs. Essex won on the first innings. Essex 277. Worcester 241 and 118. (Eastman six for 29.)—Reuter.

THE WEATHER.

SIMLA, Aug. 5.

The Bay monsoon has strengthened in Burma and the Arabian Sea. The monsoon has been more active in the North-East of the Peninsula.

The rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Assam, Orissa, East United Provinces, East Central Provinces, Konkan, Malabar and Madras Deccan and local in Upper Burma, Bengal, North-West Frontier Province, Central India, West Central Provinces, Hyderabad Coorg and South-East Madras.

A few falls have occurred in Chota Nagpur, Bihar, West United Provinces, Kashmir, Gujarat and North Madras Coast.

The chief amounts are:—Mergui and Kyaukpyu four inches; Rangoon two, Toungoo one; Akyab one and a half; Sambalpur three; Gorakhpur two; Dehra Dun one; Bahraich and Akila one and a half; Jagdalpur and Cuddalore two and Cochin one.

Forecast:—Increase in North Central Provinces.—A. P.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Wednesday, the 5th August 1925, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are moderately clouded over the eastern districts and clear elsewhere. Vapour in air is in excess in the extreme north of the province. Temperature did not differ much from the normal.

The United Provinces.—Cawnpore reports 0.28" of rain. Skies are moderately to heavily clouded and moisture in the air is almost as usual. Temperature was nearly normal throughout the province.

Sind and Rajputana.—Mount Abu reports 0.45" of rain. Skies are heavily clouded over lower Sind and clear or lightly clouded generally elsewhere. Humidity is nearly normal. Temperature was almost as usual except at Mount Abu, where the maximum alone was below normal.

Gujarat, Kathiawar, and Central India West.—Rajkot has had 0.30" of rain and Indore 0.12". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded and moisture in the air is almost as usual. Temperature did not differ much from the normal.

The Central Provinces.—Jubbulpore has had 0.45" of rain, Akola 1.44", Nagpur 0.24", Chanda 0.78" and Raipur 0.62". Skies are heavily clouded and in the western districts the air is damper than usual. Maximum temperature was above normal in the south of the province; the minimum was almost as usual everywhere.

The Konkan.—Bombay has had 0.10" of rain, Ratnagiri 0.33" and Marmagao 0.28". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded and humidity is normal. Temperature was almost as usual. The highest temperature recorded yesterday at Bombay was 85 degrees 5 (1 degree above normal) and the lowest 70 degrees 5 (1 degree below normal).

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Nizamabad has had 0.58" of rain and Hyderabad 0.74". Skies are heavily clouded. Humidity is in defect at Ahmednagar. Day temperature was higher than usual in east Hyderabad and the south Bombay Deccan and lower at Malegaon, night temperature was almost normal in the whole of the division.

General Remarks.—The monsoon has been weak in northwest India and in the Deccan. Rainfall has been nearly general in the east Central Provinces, the Konkan, east Hyderabad and Malabar, and local in Central India West, the west Central Provinces, southeast Madras and the Madras Deccan. A few falls have also occurred in the United Provinces, Rajputana and Kathiawar. The chief amounts, besides those already mentioned, are Mangalore 0.27", Calicut 0.75", Cochin 1.14, Cuddapah 0.54", Trichinopoly 0.39" and Negapatam 0.31".

Forecast.—Rainfall is likely to extend into the Punjab.

Daily Weather Telegram for the 4th August 1925 issued from Simla.

The monsoon has been fairly active in Burma, and in the extreme south of the Peninsula and has weakened generally elsewhere. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma the Kumaon Hills, Gujarat, Central India West, the Konkan and Malabar, and local in Upper Burma, Assam, Orissa, Bihar, the east Punjab, Kashmir, east Rajputana, the Central Provinces, Mysore and Southeast Madras. A few falls have also occurred in Bengal, the United Provinces, south Hyderabad and on the north Madras coast.

The chief amounts, not mentioned in the Bombay Report, were:—Mergui, Kyaukpyu one and a half inches, Akyab two; Darjiling, Dinajpur one; Jalpaiguri five; Purnea, Patna one; Calingapatam one.

QUOTATIONS OF LOCAL MILL CLOTHS

(Issued by the Hindustani Native Merchants' Association).

Bombay, Aug. 5.

	Rs.	a.	p
Khadi:—			
Textile	0	15	9
Century	0	15	6
E. D. Sassoon	0	14	6
Elphinstone	0	14	6
Long Cloth (Full weight) 34/40 in.:—			
Standard per lb.	1	4	3
Century per lb.	1	3	9
Hindustan per lb.	1	4	6
Fazalbhai per lb.	1	4	6
Textile per lb.	1	4	6
Phoenix per lb.	1	4	6
Pearl per lb.	1	4	6
Manekji (Gau Mukh) per lb.	1	2	0
Swan per lb.	1	3	9
Finlay per lb.	1	3	9
Jacob (Four Minar) per lb.	1	4	6
Long Cloth (Light weight) No. 5202/5203:			
Rachael per lb.	1	5	0
Pearl per lb.	1	4	0
E. D. Sassoon per lb.	1	4	0
Long Cloth × Quality:—			
Rachael per lb.	1	4	0
Kohinoor per lb.	1	4	6
Swan Finlay per lb.	1	3	9
Long Cloth Satin Calender 34/40:—			
Textile (Hand) per lb.	1	4	0
Spring (Merchant) per lb.	1	3	6
Century (Bugle) per lb.	1	3	0
David per lb.	1	2	6
Tata per lb.	1	2	3
Edward Mohar per lb.	1	2	6
Sundari Brand per lb.	1	2	0
Western Mill per lb.	1	4	0
Dhooties 7, 8, 9 yards:—			
Spring (Balance) per lb.	1	6	3
Jacob E. D. per lb.	1	4	6
Textile (Bicycle) per lb.	1	6	0
Dhooties 10 yards:—			
Spring (Balance) per lb.	1	5	3
Textile (Bicycle) per lb.	1	5	0
Check Grey Drill:—			
Standard per piece	5	8	0
Phoenix per piece	5	8	0
Swan Finlay per piece	5	8	0
Pearl Pabaney £5 per piece	5	8	0
Hindustan No. 902 per piece	5	8	0
Bleached Check:—			
Kasturchand per piece	6	12	0
Bombay United per piece	6	4	0
Black Check:—			
Textile per piece	5	12	0
E. D. Racheal per piece	5	12	0
Gabrun No. 5124:—			
Pearl Pabaney	9	11	0
Hindustan	9	12	0
Solita:—			
Century	1	3	6
Textile	1	3	9
Spring (Merchant)	1	3	9

GOLD.

Bombay, Aug. 5.

Ready:—21-5-6.

Vaida Sravan—Opening 21-5, at 6 p.m. 21-5.

Vaida Bhadrava—Opening 21-4-6, at p.m. 21-4-6.

Vaida Asho—Opening 21-4-3, at 6 p.m. 21-4-3.

Teji Mandi—

Vaida Bhadrava—Opening 0-1-9.

Vaida Asho—Opening 0-2-9.

Tone:—Market steady.

SILVER.

Bombay, Aug. 5.

Ready:—72-5.

Vaida Sravan—Opening 72-4, lowest 72 3, at 6 p.m. 72-4.

Vaida Bhadrava—Opening 72-1, lowest 72, at 6 p.m. 72-0.

Vaida Asho—Opening 72-15, lowest 71-14, at 6 p.m. 71-14.

Teji Mandi—

Vaida Bhadrava—Opening 0-12-0.

Vaida Asho—Opening 1-3-0.

Tone:—Market steady.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

CALCUTT, Aug. 5.

In the share market jutes opened fully steady this morning and among the speculative shares Clive found more favour with bazar dealers though outside support was not much in evidence prices all round denoted considerable strength. Coals continued a steady market with demand somewhat diminished in extent. Teas remained more or less neglected. The miscellaneous section disclosed no feature of outstanding interest. Government securities remained firm.—A.P.

GREEKS AND BULGARIAN FRONTIER

ATHENS, Aug. 4.

General Pangalos, Premier, denies the report that Greeks crossed the Bulgarian frontier.—Reuter.

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REALLY there is only one way to ensure freedom from Lumbago and other ailments due to an excess of uric acid in the blood. The kidneys must be kept in a state of healthy activity, and De Witt's Pills will do this without disturbing the smooth working of any other organ of the body.
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KIDNEY AND BLADDER.
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SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Aug. 4.

S S City of Calcutta, Stevenson, Liverpool.

S S Muroran Maru, Hiri, Kobe.

DEPARTURES.

Aug. 5.

S S Karapara, Bannaher, Durban.

Aug. 6.

S S Maur, Sreensen, Bankak.

S S Varsova, Waeson, Busreh.

S S Narkunda, Evans, Kobe.

LOADING.

Aug. 5.

Steamer Ahmedi for Persian Gulf.

Steamer Barala for Persian Gulf.

Steamer Narkunda for China and Japan.

Steamer Mirorran Maru for China and Japan.

Steamer City of Calcutta for Liverpool.

Steamer Gamaria for Calcutta.

Steamer Genoa for Genoa.

VESSELS IN BOMBAY DOCKS.

(WEDNESDAY, AUG. 5).

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

2 Rezmak 4937 Aden, 8/8 M M & Co.
7 Falkenfels 3152, Hamburg 2/8 L. Edwards.
8 Bilderjik, Karachi, 2/8 E D Sassoon Co.
11 Karapara 3722 Durban, 5/8 M M & Co.
12 Castalia 4171, L'pool, N.F. Graham Trdg. Co.
6 Ct Calcutta 4899, Karachi 15/8 K. N and Co.
16 Cl. Macnair 3727, Nagoa 7/8 F F & Co.

VICTORIA DOCK.

2 Ascot 2786, Rangoon 2/8 S S N Co.
7 Morocco 3190 Dunkirk 5/8 M M & C.
8 Ozarda, 3038 N.F. N.F. M M & Co.
9 Nagpore 3226 Japan, 4/8 M M & Co.
14 Bandra 1877 P. Gulf 5/8 M M & Co.
16 Jalaputra 3113 NF NF Scindia S N Co.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

A Varsova 1957 Busrah 7/8 M M & Co.
B Hamburg Maru 3159 Kobe, 12/8 O Kaisha.
D/E Czarda 3038 Rangoon, 4/8 M M & Co.
F Dalgoma 3571 N.F. M. M. & Co
K Varala 1932 N.F., N.F M M & Co.
P Canara 3889 N F N F M M & Co
K Nordmaru 908 N. F. N.F. L Edwards.

LIST OF STEAMERS EXPECTED IN BOMBAY.

BRITISH MAIL STEAMERS.

Narkunda due about 7th August, Agent P. & O S N Co.

FROM GOTHENBURG.

Tana due about 17th August, Agent Graham T Co.

FROM ROTTERDAM.

Hoogkerk due about 12th August Agnt E D Sassoon Co.

FROM NEW YORK.

City of Auckland due about 17th August Agent F F Campbell & Co.

FROM KOBE.

Tamba Maru due about 15th August, Agent N Y Kaisha.

FROM CHINA.

Delta due about 11th August, Agent P and O S N Co.

BRIAND'S VISIT TO LONDON.

LONDON, Aug. 5.

It is now expected that M. Briand will visit London next week. It is believed that diplomatic discussions with regard to the Security Pact have advanced so far that a meeting of British and French Foreign Secretaries may be sufficient to clinch matters. It is hinted that M. Briand may wish also to touch the question of debts.—Reuter.

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16, Farringdon Street, E. C.
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(Sd.) W. HILL, Chairman.
(Sd.) HARRY PHILLIPS, Secretary
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SUTTERFENNY (a fluid of threadlike round cake) sweetened and fragrant.
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The Bombay Chronicle

THURSDAY, AUGUST 6, 1925.

A MELANCHOLY MISSION.

After an absence of four months, Lord Reading returns to India to-day as a harrowing enigma to the people of this country. When his lordship first landed, his slogan was Justice to India, but experience stripped him of every vestige of Liberalism and made him the model of reaction. When he trimmed his sails with every passing gust of party-politics in England, he lowered the banner of his original ideals and proved himself a diplomat of the most unabashed type. His visit to England was an exceptional event, and it was believed that the momentous question of Reform was to be discussed with the Secretary of State to the advantage of India. The Muddiman Committee had reported; Indian Liberals had declared their incapacity to work the Reforms to good purpose; public tension in India was acute. It was an opportunity for statesmen to grasp. What has been the sequel of his lordship's visit to England? To strengthen his hands and to dispel the reproach that the Swarajists were a set of incorrigible revolutionaries conniving at violence, Mr C. R. Das issued a statement which the die-hards hailed as a retraction of his former opinion. Let us for argument's sake call it a retraction. Further to support the negotiations for reform, he gave the Faridpur declaration. Indirect conversations passed between Mr. Das and Lord Lytton, and among the last hopes of the Deshabandhu was the trust that some response would arrive. He said to Pundit Motilal:—"I believe something may come out of the Reading-Birkenhead conversations. I know you do not attach any importance to it. You may be right but something tells me that they will make some kind of proposal to us."

Now what has come out of the Reading-Birkenhead conversations? The most conspicuous report on the landing of Lord Reading was about an extension of office. It subsided. Next came the news that the statesmen had reached complete understanding. All fears of a Titanic rupture between the the stalwart Tory and the mighty Liberal were composed to the relief of a tremulous world. The emptiness of the sequel was so disconcerting that it reminds one of the soldier's description of the bloomin' promise and the plighted performance. The Bill for the aggrandisement of the Civil Service was passed presumably under the advice and during the presence of Lord Reading. Prior to the great deliverance on policy in the House of Lords, Earl Birkenhead gave a side-light to the complete understanding he reached with the Viceroy. The speech about the charter of the sword in India was the prelude. In the big statement to which the country looked forward with bated breath, he discarded the Minority Report of the Muddiman Committee and commanded the Swarajists unconditionally to do some insincere play-acting in diarchy, as a token of defeat and penance. Among the shameless apologies in favour of the minatory utterance is the suggestion that the lack of a policy is a tribute to the Government of India. How could decisions be arrived at without representations on the Muddiman report by the Government of India? But tentative decisions were taken by the Secretary of State and the Viceroy in 1918 after the Montford enquiry. They did not deprive the Government of India of the rights of representation The excuse that the Governor-General should wait for the views of the Governor-General-in-Council will not exonerate Lord Reading and Lord Birkenhead from the shifty evasion adopted by them. They could have published constructive proposals, and the plea that the omission showed consideration for constitutional procedure is pedantic and puerile. What they did was to abolish transferred subjects in Bengal and dodge a dissolution. Lord Birkenhead took no account of the conciliatory atmosphere in India. His speech was a tirade of threats, false history and the defence of Civilian greed. He had nothing to say about the Indianisation of the Army or the position of Indians abroad. As regards finance, Lord Reading's regime has not witnessed any repeal of excess taxation. Though the Finance Member was present in London, there was no evidence that the story of bad counsel and false stewardship in His Excellency's tenure was to be relieved by deference to public opinion and a sound exchange and currency policy; rather, they all appear to have returned with stern mandates adverse to India. Can Lord Reading deny that he and his retinue of holiday-making satraps have been instrumental in rivetting the hold of the Civil Service on India? The sum of political negation is visible in Lord Birkenhead's speech the strangle-hold of British exporting interests is there in the first speeches of Sir Basil Blackett on landing, and Sir George Birdwood returns after becoming a vice-president of the "Self-Supporting Empire League" pledged to buy within the Empire. The dead hand of reaction and intimidating exploitation has been laid hard upon the country. Was the picnic cost to the tax-payer worth this substance of disappointment and failure?

It is a pity that Lord Reading will not make a speech to-day telling us of the result of his excursion. Though a master of the art of speaking much and saying nothing, a statement from him would have been welcome. It would be interesting to compare his first evangel of justice to India with his present Tory attitude of "sitting in my club winder' and watching it rain on the dam' people". Unless he has some fresh announcement to make, his visit to England must be judged as a means of consolidating the elements of reaction to the detriment of the country that financed his ceremonial progress. The people have realised that his journey has not fostered liberal opinion in the India Office or in the British Cabinet. His subservience to reaction has been a revelation of shattering hopes. The efforts for peace made in the country during his absence have been met with the flourish of negation and defiance. While the country has been preparing for fair play, Britannia, under the auspices of the Reading Visit, again waives the rules.

THE STOCK EXCHANGE.

A general meeting of the members of the Bombay Stock Exchange will be held to-day to consider the Government's proposals regarding the reform of the Exchange. We understand that there is a widespread feeling of indignant dissatisfaction with what is described as the betrayal of the independence of the Exchange by its Chairman and his colleagues in their interview with the representatives of the Government—an interview which has resulted in the Government proposal of a charter. Mr. Shroff and his colleagues are accused of not having sufficiently realised the fact that their acceptance of a charter under certain conditions involves a reflection on the competence of the authorities of the Exchange to manage its affairs to the satisfaction of the public as well as its members. Apart the merits of the Government proposal, we welcome as a healthy sign the resentment against Government intervention in the affairs of a public institution which has for several decades enjoyed complete autonomy. But at best this resentment is tantamount merely to an attitude of negation. The members of the Exchange cannot lose sight of the fact that the Government proposal has been prompted by the pressure of public opinion which has been dissatisfied and disgusted by the manner in which the Exchange has been conducted during recent years. The Board of Directors of the Stock Exchange have practically defied public opinion by their consistent refusal to put their house in order by carrying out reforms which have been long overdue. "An old Broker" whose article on the subject which we published the other day put the issue clearly when he said:

> "It is time for members to set aside their differences and work for the common good of the Exchange, which in order to be useful to the public must be progressive. If we accept reasonable reforms I am sure the Government will be the last body to interfere in our transactions, but we cannot defy public opinion and we cannot continue to ignore it, without hurting our own interests and injuring our prestige. We have enjoyed our independence for half a century and we should make one honest attempt to preserve that independence not by refusing to listen to reason but making an honest endeavour to remove the cancer which has sapped the vitality of the Exchange."

We have no desire to see anything done that will impair the prestige of the Exchange or injure the legitimate interests of its members. We are loth to advocate interference by Government so long as Government continue to be constituted as they are at present. But interference even by the present Government is preferable to the chaos in the affairs of the Exchange which leads to the ruin of the genuine investor and utter demoralisation of the commercial life of the city. The members of the Stock Exchange are fully entitled to assert their rights and protect their interests. But they cannot forget that their operations have reactions on the genuine investor and on the stability of indigenous industrial concerns. If, therefore, they seek the sympathy of the public in their desire to be masters in their own house, they must give to it adequate guarantee, in the shape of drastic measures of internal reform, that the interests of the public will be secure against any future vagaries. If that guarantee is not forthcoming Government intervention will not only be inevitable but absolutely essential.

Notes of the Day.

The Two Voices.

The "Indian Daily Mail" gives an ecstatic eulogy of Mr. N. N. Wadia as if in reply to the strictures of the "Leader" on the decision of the millowners to cut the wages of workmen. The fervour of language is so quivering that there is no doubt as to the convictions behind it. We are told that the decision "was really forced upon the owners owing to the gravity of the situation." If the gravity of a situation forces a thing on you, there is nothing to do, save succumb: as Mr. Wadia would put it, necessity knows no law A comforting thought! It is a pity that no capitalist-gramophone has yet voiced any reasoned opposition to the adoption of short-time. "We wish Mr. Wadia had dwelt," says the "Daily Mail, "at somewhat more (*sic*) length on the comparative merits of short-time and the proposed reduction in wages especially there seems to be *some* difference of opinion among the mill-owners themselves as to which is the better alternative." The struggle between Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde is thus real and momentous. After the reposeful remark comes an absolving comment. "This, however, was really a side issue in the debate and that was perhaps why he (Mr. Wadia, not the writer) did not deal with it more fully." Thus we see the slippery value of words like "however," "perhaps" and "we wish"; it is the feat of the well-oiled wrestler. We submit that on the strength of Mr. B. J. Padshah's evidence we have established that what the mills require is short-time and not pillaged wages. It is not a side issue, because it is *the* issue. Oh what a tangled web we weave. When we first teach ourselves to deceive!

Growing Public Expenditure.

We are familiar with the nauseating bureaucratic plea of "No funds" advanced whenever any demand is made for better provision for the medical and sanitary needs of the people, for the expansion of educational facilities and for the encouragement of indigenous industries. Yet it is a grim irony that the public expenditure has grown and is growing steadily without the people reaping proportionate advantage in the shape of more and better education, better sanitation, increasing facilities for medical relief, not to speak of the satisfaction of other equally important national needs. And with rising expenditure the load of taxation has grown increasingly intolerable. Consider the condition of affairs in our own Presidency. The total expenditure has risen from a little over eight crores in 1913-14 to nearly fifteen crores in the present year and the burden of taxation has kept pace, increasing from nearly ten crores to fourteen crores and a half during the same period. No serious attempt at retrenchment was made during the post-war period until 1922-23 when there was a welcome drop from a little over 14 crores to 12 crores; but the relief was short-lived for during the succeeding years the expenditure has steadily grown to its present huge dimensions. A Retrenchment Committee was appointed by the Government at the instance of the last Council, which after a prolonged deliberation made certain proposals of retrenchments of which many were sound and a few fanastic.

A Fanastic Proposal.

Not all the suggestions of the Retrenchment Committee have been carried into effect while Government seem to have toyed with at least one of its fanastic proposals, namely, the transfer of the entire Secretariat from Bombay to Poona. That any body of responsible men knowing the A B C of administration of the Presidency could have made a proposal of this kind was, to say the least, amazing. The proposal received the fate it deserved at the hands of the public and a report that Government contemplated carrying it into effect was promptly contradicted. Now the rumour has again been given currency though for our part we do not believe that even the Government of Bombay could be guilty of entertaining a proposal of which the political madness must be apparent to any one who knows anything about this City and the Presidency. There are a hundred and one items of expenditure to which the axe can be applied without any loss to the people and with substantial gain to the efficiency of administration, before the question of transfer of Secretariat is taken up on purely financial grounds. The Retrenchment Committee expected a direct financial saving of nearly four lakhs by the transfer. Now, not only this sum of four lakhs but a considerably larger amount can be saved on items on which public money has been wasted despite persistant protest. The tour expenses of the Governor which now amount to Rs. 80,000 can be substantially curtailed without any harm being done to the Presidency. The Divisional Commissioners, who cost six lakhs and more and serve no other purpose than that of a Post Office and a clog on the machine, are a costly luxury. The four members of the Executive Council cost Rs. 270,000. Their number, as the Indian Merchants' Chamber and Bureau showed in a recent communique to the Government of India, can be reduced without any loss of efficiency. We need not refer to the annual migration to Mahableshwar, expenditure on which is not indefensible on any ground.

Champions of Agriculture.

In Lord Birkenhead's speech there was lugubrious passage about agriculture portending the arrival of a Commission. English politicians, English officials and English traders have, when vexed with the sensation of failure, the habit of putting on the rural spectacles and declaring that what matters in India is agriculture. It is supposed to convey homely realism and deep economic insight. Lord Birkenhead is taking the agricultural turn and there is every prospect of a misconstituted Commission of strap-hangers and busy-bodies coming to the surface shortly. Mr. C. N. Seddon writing in the "Times" opposes the project of "another expensive Commission" for the purpose of discovering how the Indian agriculturist should be encouraged into greater activity. Mr. Seddon says that the Commission will be out to establish what every district officer knows. But Mr. Seddon forgets that Commissions in India are meant either to register official pre-conceptions or to involve urgent problems in the toils of delay. The Currency Commission will represent the former type, while the gargantuan enquiry now threatened, will correspond to the sand-ploughing model of getting nowhere. We are afraid an agricultural enquiry coming, as a measure of jobbery and procrastination; and what better can one have than a Commission to find out if the nose upon one's face is one's own.

Causes Well-Known.

Mr. Seddon condenses the causes of agricultural backwardness under four heads:—(1) The ignorance and illiteracy of the vast bulk of the people (2) Disease and its enfeebling results (3) Certain uneconomic conditions, such as the excessive subdivision and fragmentation of holding, the herding of agriculturists into crowded villages and the religious feelings regarding the sanctity of cattle (4) Poverty and lack of capital. It is not an unfair analysis, the classification of evils into ignorance and disease. "The provincial governments and their legislative councils", says Mr. Seddon, "are fully aware of these facts." And if a Commission establishes the obvious, how will a remedy be possible as long as the first lien on resources is held by the cormorant-interests of the services? The country is sinking into the morass of poverty and unemployment not because of any lack of light but because of driftless inaction. Why then have a royal Commission of subservient personnel and unsatisfactory reference, unless it be to distract the attention of the public and allay the constructive humour of Lord Birkenhead?

Continuous Juries.

When the Bawla murder trial was on, the practice of having a continuous jury for a single trial forced itself upon the attention of the public. A juror fell ill and the trial was interrupted. The lawyers got their day's retainer and fee, and if any upset occurred, it would be obligatory for a trial in progress to be re-heard. The object is to give each juror opportunities of a complete study of facts and a full observation of the witnesses' demeanour. There is the legal necessity of starting a trial *de novo* if a juror is wholly disabled or fatally ill. In a recent trial in England the embarrassment caused by absent jurors elicited a lot of discussion. There is now before Parliament a Criminal Justice Administration Bill and a member of the legal faculty has suggested an innovation to get over the defect. The clause proposed is as follows:—

> "If at any time during the trial of an accused person upon indictment a juror sworn to try such accused person is unable, by reason of illness or other unavoidable cause, to continue to serve on the jury, the Court of trial, if it thinks fit, and with the consent of the accused, may order the trial to continue before the remaining members of such jury, and any verdict returned by such remaining members of such jury shall be as valid and for all purposes shall have the same force and effect as if such verdict had been found and returned by a jury constiting of twelve members."

It will be noticed that the continuation of the trial is subject to the consent of the accused. Is it not also possible to have reserve juror attending the trial? In a prolonged trial, the present rule which follows the English model, is apt to create immense waste of time and money, and we would commend the proposed change to the attention of the legal profession in India.

OUR CURRENCY PROBLEM.

BY B. F. MADON.

XII

(A detailed examination of the defence officially put forward of Government's Currency policy).

The census of India for 1921 (Vol. I part I) gives at page 8284 certain figures of distribution of population by occupation from which I take the following:—

Total population. 316.05 millions

Of these.

1. supported by agriculture or other production of raw materials	231.19
2. supported by further work on the raw materials produce by group 1	33.17
Total of primary and secondary producers.	264.36
3. all those employed in distribution of the products of groups 1 and 2 such as	
a. Transport 4.33	
b. Trade 18.11	
c. Domestic service 4.57	
	27.01
4. all those connected with public safety and good Government	
a. public forces 2.18	
b. administration 2.64	
c. Liberal professions 2.56	
	7.38
5. insufficiently described occupations	11.10

(This class as the report explains at page 243 include cultivators in Inam Villages or other special tenures and who would rightly go into my group 1).

6. Religious teachers etc.	2.46
7. Persons living principally on their income	4.48
8. Beggars, vagrants, etc.	3.02
9. Other unproductive	.23
	316.04

I have not followed the order of groups as in the Report, but have regrouped the various classes in my own way. Even if we disregard those in group 5 who should go into groups 1 or 2 we have the following results:

A. persons who produce and have to sell the things so produced before they can secure their own wages (price of their own labour) the true producers	264.36
B. persons who do not sell their own products and whose wages (price of whose labour) do not directly depend on the sale of such products—the true consumers— (all the rest)	51.68
	316.04

It will be seen that the wages of 264 million people directly depend on the prices they get for their products. This is five times as many people as the other class, and their interests ought to be paramount.

Secondary Producers.

However, there may be a dispute as to the 33 million of secondary producers i.e., workers in various industries. Of these those in the organised industries such as the cotton or jute mills, etc., probably number far under 3 million including dependentes, but let us take these out for the present. All the rest are small workers in their own homes and shops, and who have to sell what they manufactured before they have the wherewithal to feed their wives and children and every one of these directly depends on the price he is able to get for his own product, and when general prices are low and trade depressed, all these people get much poorer prices for their own products, and frequently experience great difficulty in selling them even at low prices.

Deducting the three million of organized industries, we have 261 million people or 85 per cent. whose welfare directly depends on their getting good prices for their products, and only 15 per cent. whose livelihood does not directly depend on prices. But while it may not directly depend on it, the livelihood of many of these 15 per cent. of the population indirectly largely depends on good prices and flourishing trade. Among these may be put:

Labour in organized industries	3.
Transport	4.33
Trade	18.11
Domestic Service	4.57
Insufficiently described occupations	11.10
	41.11
Religious teachers	2.46
	40.57

The drastic reductions of staff in the various Railways and commercial services, and the vast unemployment now observable in the middle and lower classes are directly the result of trade depression, and the diminished or vanished earnings of the employers. Therefore it will not be difficult for my readers to see why the first four classes here named are indirectly but vitally affected by a fall of prices. Labour in cotton mills is even to-day threatened with unemployment or serious cut in wages because mills do not get sufficiently remunerative prices for their cloth. There is, therefore, no need to elaborate the depen-

(Continued on page 9).

PROBLEM OF PRISONERS

A HOPEFUL SIGN

IMPROVEMENT IN THEIR CONDITION.

LONDON, Aug. 4.

The International Prison Congress which opened at the Imperial Institute was welcomed by Sir William Joynson Hicks on behalf of the Government. Sir W. Joynson-Hicks emphasised the Government's efforts to restore prisoners to normal citizenship and said that despite the increase of population there had been a striking decrease in the number of prisoners as for instance there were 1600 now in the penal servitude compared with 10,000 fifty years ago. Separate confinements had been almost entirely abolished and systems of voluntary education inaugurated while prison libraries had very much improved. General atmosphere was now one of hope and not of despair.—Reuter.

SHANGHAI DISTURBANCES.

INSTITUTION OF INQUIRY.

LONDON, Aug. 4.

In the House of Commons replying to questions Mr. McNeill stated that the principal powers concerned had agreed to the principle of the judicial commission of inquiry into the Shanghai disturbances.—Reuter.

CANTON WORKERS ADVOCATE STRIKE.

HONGKONG'S PROTEST AGAINST "BOLSHEVIK MEASURES."

HONGKONG, Aug. 5.

A meeting of workers in Canton has passed a resolution declaring that the really effective method of fighting imperialists is a strike which is far more powerful from the point of view of results than boycott. A strike will tie up shipping and business. "We are certain of victory because we hold the life of Hongkong in our hands".

A meeting of Chinese merchants at Hongkong passed a resolution protesting against the enforcement of Bolshevik measures by the *de facto* Government of Canton, which, the meeting declared, were aimed at the destruction of commerce by cutting off the supplies of food from Canton to Hong Kong as a preliminary to "Sovietising" the area under their rule.—Reuter.

"PRINCE'S AU REVOIR."

MESSAGE TO S. AFRICA GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

LONDON, Aug. 4.

Pretoria.—The Prince of Wales has sent a wireless message to the Governor-General of South Africa expressing his gratitude for the wonderful hospitality he received in South Africa and declaring that he will always cherish happiest recollections of the country. He says that one of the most encouraging memories of his tour will certainly be large numbers of happy and healthy children who greeted him everywhere and who will, he knows, realise their good fortune and grow up into good citizens of the land endowed with unrivalled climate and boundless possibilities of development and confident of hope in their own future He concludes with, "I was very sad at leaving you all and I can only say *au revoir*".—Reuter.

THE "TRADE" AND SUBSIDY QUESTION.

LONDON, Aug. 5.

The idea that an additional beer taxation was ever considered by the Cabinet is denied and such a suggestion is described as premature in view of the distant interval before the next budget will demand attention. In the meantime, the "trade" has been up in arms at a more hint. The industrial group in the House of Commons, under the Chairmanship of Sir Grattan Doyle, after debating on the coal subsidy requested the Chief Whip to convey to Mr. Baldwin the view that the subsidy should under no circumstances be repeated to any other trade and should be strictly limited to the agreed nine months. The Liberals have decided to vote against the subsidy in the House of Commons.—Reuter's Special.

Dr. JACK

LAUGHING HOURS

Week days 4, 6, 8 and 10 p.m.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

Take one hour of solid laughter.
Shake well while laughing.

Dr. JACK.

Prescriptions filled by HAROLD LLOYD.

MOROCCAN DIPLOMAT

ABDEL KRIM MARKING TIME

FRANCE'S FIRM STAND.

LONDON, Aug. 4.

Though peace negotiations between the French and the Spaniards and Abdel Krim have been going on in a fashion for some time, nothing definite has resulted. Authoritative French sources point out that Adbel Krim knows the Franco-Spanish peace terms but refuses to take an official cognizance of them and is trying to mark time in the hope of avoiding a rupture whereby he might alienate the sympathies of the communists and the extreme leftists in France while simultaneously leaving a way open for serious negotiations should his position become desperate. Abdel Krim is, therefore, keeping in touch with the French and the Spanish authorities and has been holding a Council of war at Adjir, the proceedings of which have not been divulged though it is noteworthy that the "Petit Journal" reports that certain Islamic and Arab bodies have given Abdel Krim counsels of moderation. Meanwhile, the French and the Spanish Governments are note likely to play into Abdel Krim's hands, France being determined to act firmly and quickly. The struggle in Morocco can at present be described as one for political prestige in connection with which Abdel Krim's propagandist activities are occupying a considerable attention of the French and the Spaniards. Reuter.

FRANCO-SPANISH PEACE TERMS.

OFFENSIVE TO START IN CASE OF REFUSAL?

PARIS, Aug. 5.

According to "Le Matin's" Tetuan correspondent, the Franco-Spanish peace terms provide that Abdel Krim shall recognise the religious sovereignty of the Sultan of Morocco, that France and Spain will recognise the administrative autonomy of the Riff, that the Powers will maintain the police force in the Riff, that the enlarged zones of Ceuta and Melilla will belong to Spain and that the League of Nations will control the new boundaries.

OFFENSIVE TO START?

Newspapers learn from Madrid that if Abdel Krim has not replied by August 15, Spanish troops will start the offensive which will be preceded by landings on the coast.

A FRENCH THREAT.

A message from Lair (?) says that France will meanwhile strive, with all means at its disposal, to effect the final destruction of Abdel Krim.—Reuter.

TWO SETS OF PEACE TERMS?

PARIS, Aug. 5.

The peace terms published by the "Matin" do not correspond to the Franco-Spanish terms which, incidentally, were not officially communicated by General Primo de Rivera to Abdel Krim's agents The Quai d'Orsay is convinced that the terms published emanate from Abdel Krim himself.—Reuter.

MELILLA FRONT TO BE RE-INFORCED

MADRID, Aug. 5.

A communique states that in consequence of a growing enemy pressure the Melilla front will be reinforced.—Reuter.

200 SHIPS TO BE SCRAPPED.

HENRY FORD'S VENTURE.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.

The United States Shipping Board has decided to hand over 200 ships to Mr. Henry Ford for scrapping on his bidding them for 1,700,000 dollars.—Reuter's Special.

IMPERIAL ECONOMIC COMMITTEE.

LONDON, Aug. 4.

In the House of Commons replying to questions Mr. Amery said he understood that the Imperial Economic Committee had been furnished with all necessary information with regard to the resources of the Dominions and the colonies and had recently completed two reports.—Reuter.

NEW YORK COTTON PRICES.

LONDON, Aug. 3.

(Delayed owing to telegraphic mutilation).

In the House of Commons replying to Mr. Robert Hudson, Mr. A. M. Samuel said that mean prices of New York middling upland cotton during 1904-1913 and 1914-1924 were respectively twelve and 22.9 cents per pound. The spot price of New York on the 1st August was 24.65 cents.—Reuter.

(Continued from Col. 5.)

large body of his friends and admirers in Bombay."

Concluding, the Governor expressed the hope that the Institute would become a place of pilgrimage for all Co-operators in the Presidency, a place where they could expect to receive and where they would receive, a welcome from those who understood their needs and difficulties, and where they could always rely on obtaining sound advice and encouragement in this very important movement for the welfare of the people of the Presidency.

DANGER TO COTTON INDUSTRY

LANCASHIRE UNIONISTS' COMPLAINT

APPEAL TO GOVT.

LONDON, Aug. 4.

The Lancashire Unionist members of Parliament have passed a resolution expressing the opinion that the cotton industry of Lancashire and many subsidiary industries connected with it are gravely endangered by the permanent shortage of raw material and urging Government to act promptly and vigourously and avert danger by stimulating to the utmost a rapid extension of the Empire cotton production in connection with which they draw attention to the necessity of more and improved transport facilities in East Africa. —Reuter.

CONGRESS RECEPTION COMMITTEE.

ENLISTMENT OF MEMBERS.

CAWNPORE, Aug. 4.

In order to enlist members to the Reception Committee Congress deputations are touring the province. The following places have been visited: Benares, Jaunpur, Sultanpur, Faizabad, Farrukhabad and Gorakhpur. Dr. Murarilal went to most of these places. Only those who become members of the Reception Committee by the 8th of August at the latest shall be entitled to a vote in the election of office-bearers and the President of the Reception Committee. Mr. Bharucha was expected here, but could not come owing to his mother's illness. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is expected here on the 9th instant. Sisaman is the place which will be selected in all likelihood for the Congress Camp.

TO ARRIVE TO-DAY.

H. E. LORD READING.
India's Viceroy and Governor-General.

H. E. FIELD MARSHAL.
Sir William Birdwood (India's Cin-C.)

Questioned if the change in the franchise would in any way affect the local Independents, Liberals and others, Dr. Murarilal said nothing short of a change in the creed was likely to alter their attitude.—A.P.

DAS MEMORIAL FUND.

SINGHBHUM'S PURSE TO GANDHIJI.

PATNA, Aug. 5.

In response to Mr. Gandhi's appeal for the All-India Deshbandhu Das Memorial Fund, arrangements are being made to present him with a purse of Rs. 20,000 on the occasion of his ensuing visit to Singhbhum.—A. P.

CABLE ITEMS.

London, Aug. 5.—The death has occurred of Mr. P. G. Messent, Consulting Engineer to the Bombay Port Trust.

London, Aug. 5.—The official statement on the financial position between the British Government and the Irish Free State for 1924/25, shows that the former repaid on account of compensation for damage to property £4,93,586 and £90,346 in respect of personal injury, leaving an estimated amount outstanding under the former item of £27,418.

London, Aug. 5.—The price of motor car tyres has been increased by 15 per cent and that of inner tubes by 20 per cent.

Rome, Aug. 5.—The airship "Esperia" which has been on flight to Tripoli has accomplished the return journey of 2,400 miles in 24 hours.

London, Aug 5.—Colonel Freyberg V. C., who started on his Channel swim from Cape Gris Noz, at 8-20 last night, was compelled to give up half a mile from the English shore near Gingsdown at one this afternoon.—Reuter's Special.

Barcelona.—It is officially stated that seven prisoners are now awaiting their trial in connection with an attempt during the recent royal visit to Barcelona to blow up the royal train in a tunnel. The plot is ascribed to the activities of the French extremists.—Reuter.

A Simla message of 4th August states S. S. "Chenab" with 492 returning Indian emigrants left British Guiana on the 15th July and is expected to arrive at Calcutta on 28th August.—A. P.

POINT BLANK "NAY."

SWARAJISTS' REPLY TO GOVERNOR

NO MINISTERS FOR C. P.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

NAGPUR, Aug. 5.

Though important proceedings of the Swaraj party's meeting held here last evening for the purpose of considering the party's attitude towards the Governor's move for co-operation are shrouded in mystery, I have been reliably informed that the Swarajist members, remaining religiously faithful to their electorate and fully realising the significance of the bait thrown by the bureaucracy, have unanimously decided to refuse point blank the Governor's so-called offer of co-operation to work the universally condemned system of Dyarchy and it is absolutely certain to the great delusion and heart-burning on the part of the few local liberals that the Swarajist leaders headed by Doctor Moonje will emphatically and unequivocally say "Nay" to the Governor's offer of ministerial portfolios.' It is very likely that His Excellency Sir Montagu Butler may ask for Swarajists' advice as to the next move his Government should take recourse to but the Swarajists will, in all probability, refuse to suggest one way or the other out of the present deadlock. It is to be seen now whether the Governor will take the local Liberals and the few ultra-loyalists into confidence and dissolve the present Council at their behest and order a fresh election.

C. P. SWARAJISTS INVITED BY GOVERNOR.

DECISION TO MAINTAIN STATUS QUO.

NAGPUR, Aug. 5.

His Excellency Sir Montagu Butler, promised in his speech at the opening the Council session, has invited Dr. Moonje, Mr. Raghavendra Rao and Mr Khaparde representing the Hindi Districts, Marathi and Berar group of the Swarajists to meet him on Thursday morning. At a meeting of the Swaraj party held on Tuesday it is understood that the general feeling was in favour of maintaining the "status quo."—A. P.

INVITATION TO SWARAJIST LEADERS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

NAGPUR, Aug. 5.

In pursuance of the important statement made in the course of his address to the C. P. Council on the 3rd inst. His Excellency the Governor Sir Montagu Butler has invited Dr. Moonje, leader of the Swarajists in the C. P. Council to confer with him at Government House tomorrow (Thursday) at 9 in the morning along with Messrs. E. Raghvendra Rao and B. G. Khaparde, leaders of the Hindi C. P. and Berar Swarajist groups respectively to ascertain first hand the possibility of the formation of a Swarajist ministry It is understood that the Swarajist leaders have accepted the Governor's invitation

BIRKENHEAD'S SPEECH.

ADDRESS TO GOVERNOR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

NAGPUR, Aug. 5.

Doctor Moonje, leader of the Swarajists in the C.P. Council has given notice that he would like to move a formal address to His Excellency the Governor submitting "that the statement in the House of Lords on the 7th July as a review of the general situation in India by Lord Birkenhead is not only gravely disappointing, but highly insulting to the national self-respect of India and reactionary and is calculated to give an impetus to the revival of undesirable agitation in India and, consequently, on the whole spreading discontent and dissatisfaction amongst the people

(Continued on page 8.)

TEMPLE OF CO-OPERATION

SIR VITHALDAS MEMORIAL BUILDING

OPENED BY GOVERNOR.

H. E. Sir Leslie Wilson, the Governor of Bombay, declared open Sir Vithaldas Memorial Building yesterday (Wednesday) evening before a large and representative gathering. The Governor arrived by a special train from Poona to Victoria Terminus at 6-15 p.m. and motored straight to Bakehouse Lane, where the building is situated. At the entrance, he was received by Mr. G. K. Devdhar, vice-president of the Bombay Central Co-operative Institute, Mr. J. A. Madan, Registrar, Co-operative Societies, Mr. B. F. Madon, chairman, Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank, Rao Bahadur S. S. Talmaki and Prof. H. L. Kaji, Hon. Secretaries, Sir V. T. Memorial Fund.

This building is erected by the Bombay Central Co-operative Institute (now the Provincial Co-operative Institute, Bombay) at a cost of nearly Rs. 2,25,000 on a plot leased from the Government of Bombay and named after Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey who expired on 12th August, 1922, in commemoration of his various services to the development of the Co-operative Movement in this Presidency. In achieving this project in the initiation of which the late Sir Vithaldas had taken a prominent part the Institute had the hearty co-operation of the Government of Bombay, the then Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Mr. Otto Rothfeld, I.C.S., the eBombay Provincial Co-operative Bank, and the Sir Vithaldas Thackersey Memorial Fund Committee which was appointed at the public meeting of the friends and admirers of the late Sir Vithaldas and Co-operators all over the Presidency held in Bombay in Sir Cowasji Jehangir Public Hall on 12th September, 1922.

Among those present were also Sir Arthur Froom, Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas, Ven. Archdeacon Hammerton, Mr. H. B. Clayton, Mr. J. P. Brander, Mr. Ratansy, Dr. Morarji, Mr. G. B. Trivedi, Mr. B. N. Motiwala and Mr. Ishwardas Lukhmidas.

Mr G. K. Devdhar read telegrams and letters he had received from various gentlemen all over India wishing the institute a prosperous career One cablegram of congratulation was also received from Mr. Otto Rothfeld who has been away in England and who was, till recently, Registrar of the Co-operative Societies in Bombay presidency.

TEMPLE OF CO-OPERATION.

In welcoming His Excellency the Governor, Mr. Devadhar gave a history of the Building movement, and said that they sincerely believed that the building would play an important part and would add to the prestige of the Institute by its character as a "Temple of Co-operation."

Mr. B. F. Madon, then requested the Governor to declare open the building.

GOVERNOR'S SPEECH.

H. E. the Governor then amidst cheers declared open Sir Vithaldas Memorial Building. While doing so he expressed his conviction that the Co-operative movement is one of the most important movements to improve the social and economic conditions of the masses in India.

Proceeding the Governor said:—

This Institute would serve a two-fold purpose. In the first place, it would commemorate the public services of the late Sir Vithaldas, and secondly, it would provide a suitable headquarters for the Co-operative movement in the Bombay Presidency, and would enable the Institute to carry on and extend its useful and beneficient activities. Amongst the varied activities of the late Sir Vithaldas, there was, perhaps, none nearer his heart than the economic uplift of the agriculturists in this country, and His Excellency understood that it was his opinion, as it was also his (Governor's) that one of the best ways to improve their position was through the Co-operative movement.

The Governor then paid a most glowing tribute to the services rendered by the late Sir V. D. Thakersey and Mr. Lallobhai Samaldas to the Co-operative movement and continued:

"On this occasion I would remind you that the Institute was started only six years ago, with the object, as stated in its prospectus, of focussing every form of Co-operative endeavour, for carrying on all forms of Co-operative propaganda, education and inquiry, and to represent an independent opinion on all questions aeffecting the movement. Already, within this short period, it has been able to do very useful work, especially in the direction of propaganda and training, and it has been able to advise the Registrar on several important matters of policy. The Branches which have been started have brought it more and more directly in touch with non-official Co-operative opinion in the districts, and the Institute is growing both in experience and influence. Most of the Co-operative Societies are now affiliated to it, and it is thus becoming more and more truly representative of the movement throughout the Presidency. This position may be said to have been finally established by its statutory recognition in the Co-operative Societies' Bill.

"With regard to the financial position of the institute, I can only agree with what has been said regarding the severe handicap which a debt of nearly two lakhs of rupees must be to its activities, and I strongly endorse the appeal made by Mr. Devadhar to the friends and admirers of the late Sir Vithaldas, as well as to those who are interested in Co-operation throughout the Presidency. I trust that his appeal will not fall upon deaf ears, and, as Sir Vithaldas himself had promised his assistance in securing funds to clear off this debt, and as he would certainly have done so if he had been alive, I have no doubt that his wishes will be respected by the

(Continued in column 2.)

BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

TRANSFER TO MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

MATTER REFERRED TO SELECT COMMITTEE.

(BY OUR SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE.)

POONA, August 5.

Though Sir George has gone he has not been forgotten by the people. Mr. Narielwalla's questions about the officers concerned in spoiling the Shikar intended for that Governor led to a smart exchange of words between Mr. Mukadam and Sir Hayward. In spite of Mr. Mukadam's quoting specific instances of the wrath of Government consequent to the incident, Sir M. Hayward pleaded ignorance, but Mr. Mukadam, bombarded. Sir M. Hayward with question after question, but to no purpose, as Sir Maurice pleaded childlike innocence. He neither knew whether the officers were suspended or transferred or degraded, or even whether there was a long correspondence between the various departments. The matter stood there without getting further elucidation from the Government Minister. Hon. Mr Hidayatulla's Bill for the transfer of the Improvement Trust to the Municipal Corporation received the warm appreciation of the Council on all sides, and very few dissentient notes were struck. Hon. Mr. Hidayatulla was also heartily congratulated. The measure has a long history and between the Corporation and the Trust it has been inordinately delayed for nearly four or five years. The Bill which has now been sent to the Select Committeee will come back to the Council in two months' time when it will be passed into law. The Council had a great deal of discussion over demands for grants and the whole question of Rasai and Lappo was threshed out again, and unexpectedly Government succeeded in getting the grant it had asked for.

A meeting of the Legislative Council was held to-day, Sir Ebrahim Rahimtoolah presiding. In reply to Mr. Bhopatkar, Sir M. Hayward said Government did not propose taking any steps about the third class enclosure in spite of the protests by the Corporation and Poona Missionary Conference and Government had no power to allow bookmakers. Asked about addresses presented to Mr. Kelkar by Mahad, Pen and Nasik municipalities and non-sanction of the expenditure, the Minister said Government had decided to remove the restriction about the Collector's permission. In reply to Mr. Bole, Mr. Lallubhai said Government are considering petitions of agriculturists of the Ratnagiri District about the grievances in *khoti* villages. In reply to Mr. Narielwalla whether the attempted shikar in Navapur forest of Sir George Lloyd was subsequently found to be poisoned whether police investigated the matter and what was the result, Sir M. Hayward said Government had no official information on the subject.

TRANSFER OF IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

Mr. Hidayatulla then moved the first reading of the Bill to transfer powers and duties of the Bombay Improvement Trust to the Municipal Corporation. He said the bill was sent in 1921 to the Corporation and the Corporation made its recommendation and returned the bill only last year and it now had the general approval of the Corporation. The delay was that of the Corporation and not Government, and this was the earliest opportunity of presenting the bill. The Act passed in 1898 to improve and expand the city of Bombay was avowedly of a temporary character. It had now been admitted on all hands to continue the Board as a distinct and separate body apart from the Corporation, as it was admitted that the work for which the Trust was constituted had not been completed. The Improvement Committee would consist of 18 members, the Municipal Commissioner would be an ex-officio member but without vote. Although it was recommended by the Corporation that he should have one, it was wrong in principle that the Commissioner should have a vote as he was the servant of the Corporation. Out of the 18 members 11 would be elected by the Corporation and three would be co-opted out of a panel of the Directors of Development, the Collector, the Executive Engineer and the Chairman of the Port Trust. The Corporation would thus elect 14 members, although under the existing Act they could elect only four and Government now had given up the power of nomination. These three members had been kept there as Government wished that men of business and finance experience should be associated with the Improvement Committee. The Improvement Committee would be the Executive Committee of the Corporation, and it would exercise all the rights and perform all duties subject to the general control of the Corporation except in regard to the budget sanction of schemes, the appointment of principal officers and raising of loans. Under the bill the Trust property would be transferred to the Corporation, but it would be kept apart for the purpose of improving the city. All revenues would be kept apart from the general funds for the purposes of city improvements, the fund being administered by the Board. Government would abolish the Tribunal of Appeal as soon as the cases now before it were disposed of. To prevent speculation in land values the price that would be charged for acquisition would be the price estimated at the time the scheme was made and not at the time the scheme was finally sanctioned. The Bill empowered the Board to raise and guarantee loans and the provisions of old Act in regard to the guarantee of liabilities had been retained in the present bill. The bill

(Continued on next page.)

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

TO-DAY'S MEETING

PROPOSED NEW RULES.

The following draft rules are to be submitted to the Bombay Stock Exchange Association at their General Meeting to be held to-day.:—

1. The Board may at any time by a resolution passed by two-thirds majority of the Board require that members of the Exchange shall submit to the President for examination in sealed envelopes the clearance sheets (Form No. 1) and the delivery lists (Form No. 2 and 2A) showing their purchases and sales in any share. If any member fails to submit such statement of his position he shall be liable to a fine for the first offence and for a further offence suspension or expulsion as the Committee may determine. If any member submits false or misleading statement, he shall be liable to suspension of expulsion by a resolution of the Board.

2. Whenever, in the opinion of the Committee a corner has been created or is likely to be created in shares admitted to forward dealings on the Exchange or a single individual or syndicate of individuals has acquired such control of shares so listed that it appears that the same cannot be obtained for delivery on existing contracts except at prices and on terms arbitrarily dictated or influenced by such interest or group or there be any fraud connected with the dealings in said shares, or circumstances be of such an exceptional nature as regards dealings in said shares as to call for the special interposition of the Committee, it shall be competent and lawful for them to prohibit all further dealings in such shares for the current and following settlements or to remove such shares summarily from the forward list.

SUSPENSION OF DEALINGS

3. A resolution for suspension of dealings under rule No. 2 shall not be valid or effectual unless it is passed by a majority of two-thirds present at a meeting of the Committee consisting of not less than nine members qualified to vote present and specially summoned for the purpose. The decision of the Board so arrived at shall be final. Any member of the Board who has any transaction in such shares outstanding on his own personal account shall not vote.

4. In the event of such suspension being declared the buying-in rule shall also be suspended as to all contracts prior to the said suspension in the said shares, nor shall the Committee have a right to fix any maximum rate as to the said shares save and except the making-up price for the purpose of settlement and a fair settlement price for the measure of damages as hereinafter provided

5. Parties to contracts prior to such suspension of dealings will be at liberty to settle or to cross (Hevala) the existing contract at the rates mutually agreed upon by them.

6. The existing contracts in such shares shall be cleared and settled by the process of tickets as hereinafter provided instead of submitting clearance sheets to the Clearing House; but delivery and payment of such shares shall be made through the Clearing House.

7. However in cases where the tickets are issued and passed the liabilities on contracts between members themselves shall not be pro-rata as prescribed in rule No. 17 of the Clearing House, but such liabilities shall attach to each member in succession through whose hands the tickets shall have passed.

8. The member who takes up shares shall issue tickets, one ticket for each share. The ticket must contain a serial number given by the Secretary, date of issue, the name of the member issuing the ticket as the payer of the purchase money, the name of his buyer who is the Principal in full, the name of the member from whom he has bought the shares. The ticket shall then be passed to this member on the ticket day fixed by the Board. All tickets must be passed in the settling room from seller to seller Each intermediate seller, in succession, to whom such tickets shall be passed shall endorse thereon the name of his seller. The ultimate seller shall retain the ticket.

9. All tickets shall be passed through the accounts at the making-up price fixed by the Board and the shares shall be paid for at that price

10. The member who has to deliver the shares sold and who shall not receive the ticket on the ticket day has the right to sell out the shares. He shall apply to the Secretary to issue notice for selling out. This notice shall be passed to member from whom the ticket is required. All notices must be passed in the settling room from buyer to buyer until they reach the original buyer. Each intermediate buyer is required to endorse on the notice the name of the member to whom it is passed.

11. The holder of tickets must deliver all or any part of the number of shares with tickets attached thereto within the prescribed time for delivery to the Clearing House.

12. The deliverer of shares on tickets is required to apportion such shares to each ticket at the time of delivery by endorsing on the ticket the name of the transferer and the number of share.

FIXING A MAKING-UP PRICE FOR SHARES

18. The Committee on the last business day before the pay day (i.e. on the day fixed for declaring making-up prices) shall have the power to fix a making-up price for the shares, dealings whereof are suspended under Rule No. 2 by taking the bona-fide market rate at or about that day.

14. On the payment day issuer of tickets shall pay to the Clearing House at the making-up price for all the shares represented by such tickets calling for delivery. If he fails to pay for the shares the Secretary shall sell out such shares if they were delivered by the holder of the tickets within the prescribed time. on advice from the Clearing House on the settling day, that is the next business day after the pay day; but in cases where such shares are also not delivered by the holder of the tickets, such unsettled bargains shall be closed at the making-up price.

15 In every case the member in default shall be liable for any damages which may arise by selling out.

16. In cases where the buying-in rule is suspended under rule No. 2 and if shares are not delivered by the holders of tickets, on or before the last day fixed by the Board for such delivery of shares, the Board shall, on the settling day, that is the day on which buying-in would have been fixed under ordinary circumstances, fix a fair settlement price by taking the bona-fide market rate at that day or by taking the highest real rate touched during that settlement before suspension of dealings, which ever be the greater. Any fictitious rate touched in an attempt to rig the market will not be taken into consideration.

17. The Board before fixing the settlement price shall give the members who have to close their unsettled contracts on the basis thereof an opportunity to be heard before them. Such settlement price shall not in any manner affect the rights and obligations of constituents or non-members in the matter of damages.

18. All such unsettled contracts shall be adjusted and settled by the payment to the member entitled to receive such shares, of damages at the settlement price, fixed by the Board as provided in the Rule No. 16

19. The payment of damages at the settlement price fixed by the Board shall close transaction in so far that it shall settle and determine the responsibility and legal claims for damages of members to each other and of members to constituents and constituents to members but without prejudice to the rights of recourse competent to constituents, inter se, which shall not be limited or affected by this rule in any way but shall be enforceable by them otherwise than through the members. The names of the said constituents shall be at once disclosed by respective members to each other. The term constituent shall, in cases where the member has dealt on his own account, include such member.

BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

(Continued from previous page.)

provided for appointment of the Chief Executive Officer, who would be the chief officer of the new Board. He would be appointed by the Board subject to confirmation by Government.

A WARM WELCOME.

Dr. Dadachanji, welcoming the bill, said when 26 years ago it was sent to the Corporation for approval it was resented by that body and some members of the Corporation left the Hall because they thought the Act was digging their graves. It was said that the Corporation could not manage such a big body in the beginning. The Trust owned about 19 per cent. of the area of the City and the Corporation wanted to manage it and was capable of doing so. It would bear the burden, although it would involve liabilities of 14 crores and Municipal liabilities were at present about 20 crores. The Corporation was willing to welcome that burden, because it pertained to the city although it took it up at a very bad time when land values had gone down. He congratulated the Minister for bringing the bill, because the Corporation had been crying for it year after year. He also congratulated the Minister for widening the powers of the municipalities and also transferring the Trust. Moslems were rather conservative but a Moslem Minister had shown to be most responsible to the wishes of the public.

PLEA FOR MERCHANTS' REPRESENTATION.

Mr. V. A. Grantham, while recognising the transfer as inevitable, said they had to see that trade and commerce and prosperity of Bombay were not endangered. He asked that as on the old Board, the Chamber of Commerce, the Indian Merchants' Chamber and Mill-owners' Association should have the right of representation on the new body.

Sir V. A. Dabholkar, supporting, said the Municipal Standing Committee which was looking after the finances of the Corporation had no special representations of the Mill-owners' Association, etc., and yet was managing its affairs properly. These different bodies had already got their representations on the Corporation and they were keen about their work they would be only elected by the Corporation. He asked Government to nominate the three members rather than give the power of co-option to the Corporation. He asked that landlords should be treated more generously.

Mr. Lalji Naranji said, the Corporation was taking up financial responsibility for crores of rupees and it was only proper they should know the financial position of the Trust. It was a Government show all these years, and it would be now a local Government show. He supported the contention for statutory representation being given to the Indian Merchants' Chamber etc.

Mr. Rahimtoola, while welcoming the bill said the Corporation was coming into its own after 26 years, for it was recognised that the question of improvement of a city came within the purview of the Corporation Although the Bill was drafted by the Chairman of the Improvement Trust, it was not acceptable to that body and they had taken considerable time in considering it. He was opposed to special representation being given to any body. He regretted that the Tribunal of Appeal was not abolished now, as it would probably take five years for it to finish all the cases now before it.

Mr. Hussenbhoy Lalji was opposed to any statutory provision for special representation of these bodies as they had their nominees on the Corporation now. He suggested that the special department of the Corporation for development and also the special engineer of the Board might work together in some way or another. The Corporation had given to the Trust about 4½ crores as a contribution all these years and certainly the Corporation was concerned in the finances of the Trust. Many of the elected members of the Corporation were on the bodies mentioned by Mr. Grantham and they would safeguard their interests. Many members of the Corporation had spent their whole lives in trade, and they would see that commercial interests were duly protected.

Mr. S. T. Kambli supporting, said as long as members of the Corporation were satisfied the Council could have nothing to say against the measure. He welcomed the measure.

Mr. J. Baptista, congratulating the Minister, welcomed the Bill as President of the Corporation and said he was the most responsible Minister.

Mr. R. A. Delves said the Improvement Trust prepared a financial forecast every three or four years, and he quoted figures from the last statement prepared in 1923. During the existence of the Trust for 26 years it had made a profit of 139 lakhs and only during five years it had made a loss of 26 lakhs and they would see they were much better off than they were expected to be. That included the Corperation's contribution of course. The total borrowings in 1923-24 came to 1.346 lakhs and assets came to 1.800 lakhs. They had thus 400 lakhs in their favour. They had 218 lakhs in cash. 50 lakhs worth of chawls 22 lakhs of Municipal contribution; the value of undeveloped land at cost price came to 535 lakhs.

Mr. N. N. Wadia supported the contention of Mr. Lalji Naranji.

A GOOD BARGAIN.

Mr. Hidayatulla, replying, thanked the House for the warm welcome given to the Bill and said the Associations had their representations in the Corporatian already and the question must have been considered by the Corporation when sending its recommendations. It was, however, for the House to decide on the question. From the financial position explained by the Chairman of the Trust they would find that it was a good bargain for the Corporation to have the Trust transferred to it. About more liberal treatment to be given to the Landlords, he said schemes for improvement were primarily for more air and light and they were executed at the cost of the rate-payers. He said he had entirely been guided by the wishes of the Corporation in the matter of fees to members.

The Bill was passed first time and then referred to the Select Committee.

AMENDING LOCAL BOARDS ACT.

Hon. Mr. Hidayatulla then introduced the bill to amend the Bombay Local Boards Act 1923. It was stated that one of the qualifications for being an elector in a constituency prescribed under Section 6 was residence within the taluka or district in which the constituency was included. When the constituency was conterminous with the taluka or district, no difficulty rould arise, but when a taluka included several constituencies, residence within that taluka or district entitled a person to be enrolled as a voter on the electoral roll of every constituency for which he was otherwise qualified within such taluka or district. The amendments made it clear that the residential qualification required was one within the constituency in each case.

There were several other minor amendments and the bill was passed into law without discussion.

AMENDING BOMBAY CHILDREN ACT.

Sir Maurice Hayward then introduced the Bill to amend the Bombay Children Act 1924. Clause 2 included a penalty for being drunk while in charge of a child, penalty for giving intoxicating liquor to a child, presumption as to the age of the child, penalty for selling tobacco to a child or a young person, and the forfeiture of tobacco, penalty for inciting a child or young person to bet or borrow, for taking pawn from a child or a young person. Sir Maurice Hayward said the Bill was objected to from a practical point of view, and not from the moral point, and also because it was premature. He referred the Bill to the same Select Committee which had considered the original Bill. The motion was agreed to.

SUPPLEMENTARY GRANTS DEMANDS.

This finished Government legislative measures, and demands for supplementary grants were then taken up. Hon. Mr. Lallubhai Samaldas made a demand for Rs. 71,380 for a transfer to land revenue from miscellaneous reserves. It was stated that the pay of the village establishment in Sind was last revised in 1919, and that revision was inadequate owing to the increased cost of living. The revision was proposed not merely to meet the rise in prices, but also permanently to raise the status of Tapedar as suggested by the Rasai Committee. One of the recommendations was that many of the irregular practices prevailing among the district establishment would disappear if the establishment received sufficient wages in consideration of the responsible and arduous nature of the work of Tapedars and the great temptations to which they were exposed and the hardships which they had to undergo in being required to live in remote villages separated from their families for long periods. It was proposed to revise their scale. Hon. Mr. Lallubhai said the demand was thrown out rather hastily last time, but he hoped the Council would give the matter more consideration this time. After a great deal of discussion in which the Sind members found themselves in opposition to Government the grant was ultimately made. Hon. Mr. Hidayatulla demanded a grant of Rs. 30,000, under 34 Agriculture, for the purchase of anti-rinderpest serum. It was stated that rinderpest of a virulent type was prevalent in the Presidency and large demands had been made for the serum to meet the demand the sum of Rs. 30,000 was now asked. The grant was made.

Hon. Mr. Hidayatulla asked for a grant of Rs. 11,700 for stores to be obtained from England for water supply schemes at Matheran, Uran and Kapadwanj. The sum was given. Hon. Mr. Hayward asked for a grant of Rs. 1,54,945 for the purchase of a plot behind the Jacob Circle Police Chowki for the accommodation of troops called in aid of the civil power at times of disturbances in Bombay. The plot was acquired by Government at the instance of the military authorities to accommodate the military called in aid of the civil power in the Bombay disturbances of 1919. The cost was debited to the Government of India. That Government had ruled that if in future military help was required the cost of providing special accommodation for troops should be borne by the local Government. The police and the military thought the site was of great value in riots, mill strikes, etc., in the north of the island, during industrial and other disturbances. It was found that the focus of disorder was Jacob Circle, and it was imperative that troops should be quartered there. The sum was granted after some opposition. The Council then adjourned.

POINT BLANK "NAY"

(Continued from page 7.)

making honourable co-operation increasingly difficult".

It is expected that the President will allow the above motion.

"NO MORE DISTRICT DURBARS."

QUESTIONS IN C. P. COUNCIL.

NAGPUR, Aug. 5.

The Central Provinces Legislative Council re-assembled this noon with the Hon. S. B. Tambe in the chair. After interpellations non-official resolutions have been taken up for consideration. The Council is in session.—A. P.

NAGPUR, Aug. 5.

In reply to a question by Mr. Raghvendra Rao asking for a bye-election in the place of Mr. Tambe, the non-official elected member who accepted the office of Presidentship of the C. P. Council Mr. Mitchell stated that the question was based on the erroneous assumption that the elected President's office was an office in the service of the Crown in India. "The elected President is not an official within the meaning of Section 134 of the Government of India Act as he is not appointed by the Crown and he is not liable to be dismissed by the Crown and is not subject in the discharge of his duties to the control of the Crown. Were the view expressed in the question correct, a member elected President would not only cease to be a member under Section 80 B but would cease to be President under Section 72 C (4) of the Government of India Act."

DISTRICT DURBARS.

In reply to a question by Mr. Chhedilal urging the removal of Mr. Bourne from Executive charge Mr. Nelson stated that the charges made against the Deputy Commissioner fell into two categories according as he was acting as the Agent of Government under Government orders and according as he was acting on his own account and not under any orders of Government. Under the general orders since issued there would be no further special propaganda of a political character in any district. There would be no more district durbars. The enquiry into the personal charges had not yet been completed. The most serious of those was that the Deputy Commissioner had misused his powers as a magistrate to implicate a political opponent in a criminal charge and to dishonour him in the process. So serious and specific was this charge that the Government decided to await the verdict of the Court. As soon as the final decision had been reached Government would proceed with the matter. —A. P.

INTERPELLATIONS.

(From our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, Aug. 5.

When the Central Provinces Legislative Council met to-day in the Council Hall the Hon. S. B. Tambe presiding, 154 interpellations were put and answered besides several important supplementary questions over the same. To a question put by Mr. Raghvendra Rao (Swarajist) Mr. R. H. Becket stated that there was no practice existing in any of the grant-in-aid missionary educational institutions of penalising students who did not attend compulsory Bible classes. To another question, Mr. A.E. Nelson, Chief Secretary to the C. P. Government, said that various serious charges made against Mr. Bourne of Narsingpur fame were being enquired into and though Mr. Bourne would be relieved of his charge of Narsingpur district shortly, his removal had no bearing on the resolution passed in the last session of the Council.

In answer to Mr. Rao's question, Mr. Nelson stated that honours and titles were conferred on the recommendations of the Governor, who has been vested with final discretionary power in the matter.

Mr. Gowan stated, in reply to a supplementary question put by Mr. G. V. Deshmukh that it was the intention of the local Government to appoint a small committee as soon as the present session terminated to suggest steps to be taken for the establishment of the village panchayat.

After the interpellations the Council took up non-official resolutions at 1/45 Choudhari Daulatsingh (Swarajist) moved the first resolution recommending Government that soil units proposed by Mr. Bourne as Settlement Officer in Narsingpur district be reduced by at least 40 per cent. Mr. Dyer. Settlement Commissioner, opposed Mr. Daulatsingh's resolution on behalf of Government, while Mr. Salpekar strongly supported the same. After the Hon. Mr. Standon had spoken and explained the Government attitude Choudhari Daulatsingh, the mover, withdrew the resolution and the Council was adjourned for lunch till 4 p.m.

HON. MAGISTRATES.

When the Council reassembled at 4 p.m. after lunch, Rao Bahadur K. S. Naidu, Deputy President occupying the Chair, Doctor Moonje moved his resolution recommending that an Advisory Board with the majority composed of elected members to be elected by the Council every three years should be constituted to advise Government on the appointment of Honorary Magistrates. While moving his resolution Dr. Moonje said that the institution of Honorary Magistrates engendered jealousies, factions and rivalries in the whole village life, poisoning the whole village life and sometimes ending in breach of peace. Mr. Joshi, from Khandwa, heartily supported the resolution remarking that Honorary Magistrates were nothing more than mushrooms under the magic hand of Deputy Commissioners and that an alien bureaucracy simply exploited them. Mr. Amin opposed, saying that Honorary Magistrates as a class were really loyal.

Mr. Khaparde, while supporting the resolution said that it was not loyalty that was to be administered but the real law.

Hon. Sir Moropant Joshi, Home Member, passionately opposed the resolution saying that House was speaking with a very uncertain mind and that if Honorary Magistrates as a class were really such creatures as were pictured by members on the opposite, he would be glad to suggest that they be cradicated completely and not improved as being beyond redemption. He urged members to use their powers in the right direction.

Mr. Joshi from Khandwa wanted the Home Member to enlighten the House regarding such powers. The Home Member wanted members to approach District Officers with particular complaints against any individual Bench of Magistrates, and then there were chances of their being removed.

Mr. Tao said that district officials would look upon members with suspicions.

Dr. Moonje, while replying to the objections wanted the House to realise the mentality of nominated and elected members of the House, and unless and until the whole system of the present government was changed and its machinery organised completely to the full satisfaction of the people, the sooner the Government come round the beter it would be.

CRUSHING GOVT. DEFEAT.

After the Home Member had again opposed the resolution on behalf of Government it was put to the vote and declared carried to division 39 voting for and 21 against, thus inflicting for the first time in the present session a crushing defeat over Government.

OFFICIAL AND PERSONAL.

The Hon. Sir S. P. O'Donnell K.C.I.E., C.S.I., on return from leave has resumed charge of the office of Finance Member of the Executive Council of U. P. from Sir S. H. Fremantle who reverts as member of the Board of Revenue.

Sir Geoffrey Clarke, Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs, left Simla on Tuesday for Bombay *en route* to England on his long leave preparatory to retirement. He had an enthusiastic send-off at the railway station where among those present were Sir B. N. Mitra, Mr. G. P. Roy, Sir Frederick and Lady Whyte, Mr. Sams, Colonel Bagshave, Mr. T. Ryan and a large number of postal and telegraph employees.

His Excellency Sir John Kerr and Lady Kerr left Calcutta for Shillong by the Assam Mail on Tuesday.

Mr. B. F. Bharucha, who returned to Bombay a few days ago after an extensive tour in Bengal and Upper India, is laid up with severe inflammation of the brain and has been ordered by the doctor to take complete rest for some time.

Simla, Aug. 5.—The Public Accounts Committee met to-day under chairmanship of the Finance Member Sir Basil Blackett. Committee will discuss at to-morrow's meeting reappropsiation statement of the Accountant General of Central Revenues. —A. P.

PUBLIC MEETING OF POONA DEPRESSED CLASSES.

POONA, Aug. 3.

Under the auspices of the Nootan Somavan Shiviya Hitchintak Samaj, Mangalwar Peth, Poona, a public meeting of the Depressed Classes of Poona was held on Sunday, to consider the best means of furthering their welfare. Rao Saheb M. Lingaya Naidu of Belgaum was voted to the chair.

It was resolved to establish a branch of the depressed classes society at Mangalwar Peth, and also to open for their benefit free reading room and library at Poona.

A representative committee of 20 members was then formed with Mr. D. B. Guru as president and Mr. J. J. Khambhatta as chairman.

The main object of the society is to elevate the untouchables of Mangalwar Peth and other parts round Poona city.

The society intends to start their work with imparting education and training in home industries, giving free boarding and lodging.

The meeting then terminated with a vote of thanks to the president.—A. P.

SWARAJ PARTY'S MEETING.

SIMLA, Aug. 5.

The Swaraj party of the Legislative Assembly will meet in the Committee room on 20th inst. after Viceroy's opening speech, to discuss the election of President for the Assembly and the future programme of the Party.—A. P.

BAWLA CASE APPEAL

FURTHER HEARING

ARRANGEMENTS TO APPROACH PRIVY COUNCIL

In connection with the petition on behalf of the Bawla case prisoners for leave to appeal to the Full Bench of the Bombay High Court, some further discussion having been found necessary, Messrs. Jinnah and Velinker, counsel for accused, instructed by Messrs. Payne and Co., solicitors, met the Advocate General again yesterday (Wednesday) evening at 6-15 in his Chambers at the High Court, when Mr. Kemp and Mr. Kinksmith, Public Prosecutor, represented the Crown. The proceedings were in camera and lasted for only half an hour. Defence Counsel sought to make out that there were technical flaws in Justice Crump's charge to the jury both in the way of, non-direction and misdirection during his summing up. The Advocate-General has reserved his decision which will probably be announced next week.

Meanwhile arrangements are proceeding apace to file an appeal before the Privy Council, and the case has been entrusted to Messrs. Wilson and Co., the prisoner's solicitors in London, who have engaged Sir John Simon and Sir George Lowndes for the purpose. Sir John, it will be recalled, was counsel for Lokmanya Tilak in his defamation suit against Sir Valentine Chirol; while Sir George who was for many years a distinguished member of the Bombay Bar was for some years the Law Member of the Government of India. They have been instructed to file an appeal by the 20th instant when the three months' period from the date of sentence allowed for the admission of appeal expires. Before the Privy Council admits the appeal, Counsel would have to show that there has been a gross breach of any principle of law, as was laid down in a criminal appeal from India some time back. If the Privy Council admits the appeal it will be proceeded with as soon as convenient, unless the Advocate-General grants leave to go to the Full Bench of the Bombay High Court, in which case it will be held over till the latter gives its decision. In any case the Privy Council appeal which is irrespective of the result of the efforts being made here, has no chance of being taken up till after the October vacation.

PANIPAT MUSSALMANS' GRIEVANCE.

ALLEGATION AGAINST UGHRAKHERI JATS.

The Anjuman Islamia, Panipat wires under date Aug. 5:—

A telegram to the following effect has been sent to the Governor of Punjab:—

Muhammadans' lives and property in both the Urban and Rural area are endangered. Ughrakheri Jats have commenced assaults on Mohammadans going there on business. Yesterday several injured Muhammadans belaboured by Jats were presented before the Superintendent of Police. Early action is solicited.

DEPARTURE OF AMERICAN FLEET.

LONDON, Aug. 4.

Melbourne.—The first departures of the American fleet began this morning when lightcruisers left for Hobart. The main fleet, including Admiral Coontz's flagship "Seattle" and three battleships, will leave on Thursday.—Reuter.

ARRIVAL AT HOBART.

HOBART, Aug. 5.

Wintery conditions prevailed when the American Light Cruisers arrived from Melbourne but the welcome was of the warmest kind. citizens, in the words of Governor Sir James O'Grady, extending "sincere handgrip of brotherhood." Thousands of spectators lined the waterfront. The band played, church-bells rang and children sang American songs. All Hobart turned out to see the march of a thousand sailors in the streets.

Rear-Admiral MacGruder, responding to the State Government's welcome, said no diplomatic efforts were required to sound the depths of American feelings of friendship and affection for Australians.—Reuter's Special.

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COCOANUT DAY IN BOMBAY.

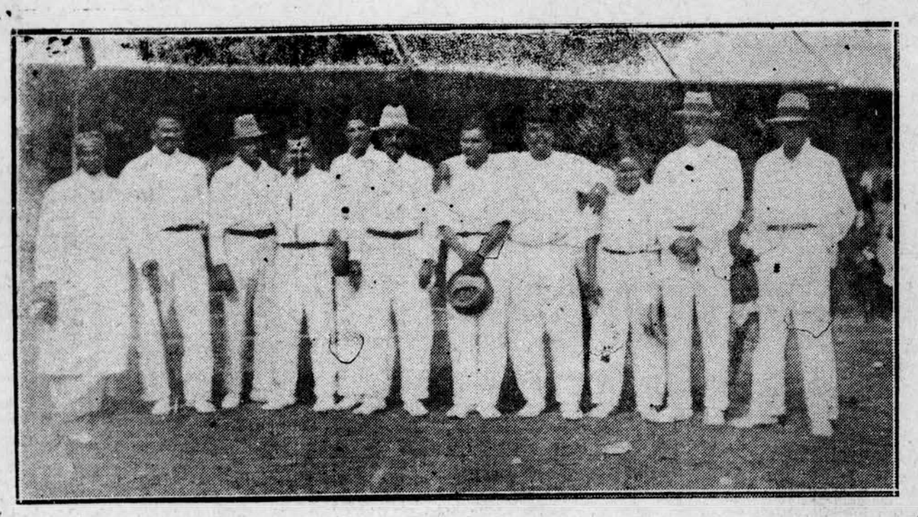
....."Bombay Chronicle" Photoes.

THE CROWD ON CHOWPATTY SANDS.

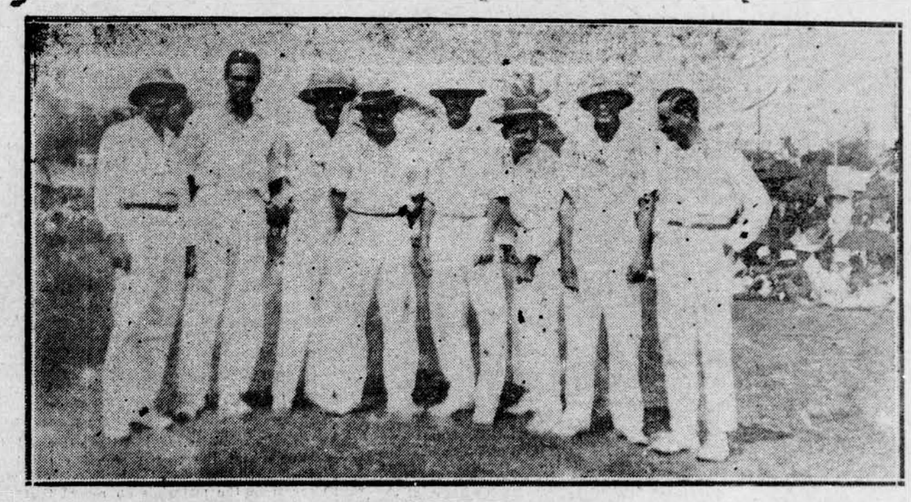
THE HOLY SEA-BATH.

THE FAIR ON ESPLANADE MAIDAN.

HINDU GYMKHANA V. PARSI GYMKHANA.



HINDU TEAM.



PARSI TEAM.

....."Bombay Chronicle" Photoes.

On Sunday last an interesting whole day matcht was played on the Hindu Gymkhana ground where a strong representative home side met an equally strong combination of the Parsi Gymkhana. The Hindus batted up to 4-15 p.m. when the score stood at 204 runs for 4 wickets. L. P. Jai batted brilliantly and scored his second century this season. The Parsis opened their innings well, but could only collect 121 runs for the loss of 3 wickets when stumps were drawn.

OUR CURRENCY PROBLEM.

(Continued from page 6.)

dence of labour in organised industries on prices.

My readers will, however, feel a bit surprised, at my inclusion of religious teachers etc. However, these people mainly depend on the alms they get from their parishioners, and it is a well-known fact that when the parishioner's own income goes own, he at once becomes very niggardly with his donation to the church or temple. As the religious teacher in most communities very largely depends on such donations, his plight in times of trade depressions is by no means one to be envied, but what I want to emphasise here is that their class is directly dependent on good trade and good prices for its own wel-fare.

Plight of 231 Million People.

While my reades may or may not agree with me in the view that all these various classes of the population are directly or indirectly dependent on prices, I hope there will be no dispute as to the cultivator being dependent on good prices in order to get a reasonable wage for himself and his family, and according to the census 231 million people belong to this class. This is over 73 per cent. of the total population, and has therefore, an overwhelming claim for consideration at the hands of Government in preference to any other class whatsoever.

There is, however, an impression in some quarters that these 231 million are not all cultivators. It is argued that dependents ought not to be included. This is clearly absurd. If the salary of a man is reduced, his wife and children must suffer. If he loses his job, they must all starve with him. I only point out this here, because I have heard this kind of argument seriously put forward.

Another argument put forward is that the large majority of these 231 million people are not themselves cultivators, although they may be owners of agricultural land and that the number of actual cultivators is very much smaller. A table at page 285 of the Census Report throws light on this side of the question. In this table actual workers are again sub-divided, and we find that out of a total of 101 million

only 3.69 will live on rent
.24 are managers of estates etc.
2.25 are farm servants
9.49 are field labourers

All the rest are actual direct workers. It will be seen that people who live on rents or by salaries as managers etc. of estates form only 4 per cent. of the total of actual workers. If we deduct 4 per cent. from the total of workers and dependents i.e. from 231 million, we get 221 million as the number of primary producers or say 70 per cent. of the total population of the country.

Conclusions.

I will now try and summarise the conclusions so far arrived at. We find that

1. Out of a total population of 316 millions the primary producer is as much as 221 millions or 70 per cent. even after deducting salaried men like managers of estates etc. and people who live on rent.

2. That there are 33 million of secondary producers i.e. people whose earnings are directly affected by the prices obtainable for their products.

3. That there are a further 27 million people whose prosperity depends on the prosperity of trade and industry i.e. on favourable prices being obtainable for the produce of industry.

4. That some 13 millions people (insufficiently described occupations and religious teachers etc.) also very much depend for their own prosperity on the prosperity of one or all of the above three groups.

5. That the only class who would remain unaffected by falling prices and consequent depression in trade and industry is those employed in Government or other public services, and whose number does not, at best, exceed seven million out of 316 millions, and any attempt to keep prices down can only benefit this class

6. That this class has already by agitation and otherwise got its wages increased by 70 to 80 per cent over pre-war rates.

7. That the producer is equally entitled to 70 or 80 per cent larger earnings than pre-war.

8. That the Index Number of prices shows that the producer is getting only 115 instead of 180 for 87 per cent. of the cropped area i.e., he is getting only 15 per cent. over pre-war prices, and not 80 per cent. as he is entitled to do.

9. That even the 15 per cent. over pre-war that the producer gets is swallowed up in increased costs and charges for cultivation, so that his nett profit i.e. his wages remain practically at pre-war level.

Most Unfair Attempt of Govt.

10. That consequently this attempt of Government to keep prices down really amounts to keeping the wages of the producer down to pre-war levels, and is most unfair to the largest section of the population of this country.

11. That this section of the population is not only the largest, but it is the one that is the poorest and the most deeply submerged in debt, and Government's attempts to keep down the earnings of this poverty-stricken and debt-ridden population is even more reprehensible than it would otherwise be.

12. That allowing exchange to go back to 1s. 4d. if it raises prices by 12½ per cent. will only give the producer, in terms of Index Numbers, 12½ per cent. more than 115 i.e. 129½. As the general average Index Number is 171 it will be clear that even if we go back to 1s. 4d. and allow prices to raise 12½ per cent. the producer will be getting only 129½ i.e. far less than he is entitled to in view of the general level of prices.

13. That the producer's livelihood is precarious and an unfavourable monsoon or unseasonable frost may deprive him of the whole of the fruits or his labour. Therefore, he ought to get much more than 180 in good years, to make up for the much lower returns in bad years, and enable him to get an average return of 180.

14. That men in other walks of life e.g. Government, Railways or other services are considered to have a right to sell their labour at the highest price obtainable, and the producer in view of the precarious nature of his occupation has even a greater right to secure the highest price he can for his own labour. This consequently entitles him to get the best price he can for the produce of such labour in the open market and it is most unfair to prevent him alone from getting it unless men in other walks of life are also compelled to be satisfied with the same salary or wage from year to year.

(To be continued.)

A view of the field: Kalapesi and Colah playing.

ABOLITION OF DIVISIONAL COMMISSIONER SHIPS.

RESOLUTION TO BE MOVED IN ASSEMBLY.

PATNA, Aug. 5.

Among the resolutions to be moved in the Assembly of which notice has been given by Mr. Gaya Prasad Singh, M.L.A., one proposes the abolition of the divisional commissioners in the provinces where they exist in India.—A. P.

MOHARRUAM AT PANIPAT.

CRISIS AVERTED.

SIMLA, Aug. 4.

From the details received regarding the disturbance on the 1st August at Panipat resulting in the hold-up of a Muharram procession for some hours by Jats, it appears that the latter were estimated at 1,000 and were armed with lathis, scythes and pitchforkas. They took up a position in the main bazaar opposite the Muharram procession. The Muharram procession also was reinforced by large crowds of tow Mussalmans armed with sticks. Such was the situation when the Deputy Commissioner and the Superintendent of Polic arrived in the evening from Karnal. The small police force was wedged in betwee the Mussalmans and the Jats. The Superintendent of Police charged the Jat crow and succeeded in pushing them out of th main street. The Deputy Commissioner Latifi, kept the Muslim crowd in check The police succeeded in their task without resorting either to fire or the use bayonet. The local Magistrate and Deputy Superintendent although they had been assaulted by the crowd succeeded in arrest. ing a number of the mob. Three hundred persons were on the whole arrested, of whom ninety were released next mornin as they were small boys and very old men Thirty persons have been treated by medi cal authorities. Everything is now quiet —A. P.

NO BURIAL OF TAZIAS IN JAIS.

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 5.

A correspondent wires from Jais (Ra Bareli) that there was no burial o Tazias at Jais; and Shiahs are in extrem mental distress. The Commissioner ha been appealed to.—A. P.

MR. C. Y. CHINTAMANI.

WHY HE LEFT THE "DAILY MAIL."

On behalf of the Bombay Labour the following resolution was forwarded to Mr. C. Y. Chintamani on his resignation from the "Indian Daily Mail":—

"The Central Labour Board representing organised workers in Bombay puts on record their sense of deep admiration of the courageous step taken by Mr. C. Y. Chintamani the late Editor of the "Indian Daily Mail" in relinquishing his editorial charge on the ground of his support to the cause of the fallen labourers of Bombay in the present trouble between the Mill-Owners and their workers, which the proprietor of the said journal wanted him to withdraw against his conscience, his independence and his principles."

MR. CHINTAMANI'S REPLY.

To the above Mr. Chintamani forwarded the following reply:—

"I thank you for your letter of July 24 covering a resolution in praise of me passed by the Central Labour Board, Bombay. It is necessary for me to mention that while in all human probability I would have had to sever my connection with the "Indian Daily Mail" on account of disagreement with its proprietor on the important question of the proposed reduction of wages of mill labourers, the question had not come to a head at the date I left and I am far from being sure that I deserve the "admiration" your Board generously expressed in its resolution.

I need not say I am grateful for the resolution."

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS AT MADRAS.

SWARAJIST ELECTIONEERING CAMPAIGN.

MADRAS, Aug. 4.

The Municipal elections coming off on the 8th instant are the topic of conversation in the city and most exciting and vigorous propaganda is being carried on on party lines. The Swarajist candidates are contesting almost all the ten seats falling vacant, the opponents in most cases being members of the "Justice" party. Processions carrying life size protraits of Mr. Gandhi to the accompaniment of Bhajana song are going round the streets with national flags. Placards extolling the greatness of Mr. C. R. Das and containing his portraits at different periods of his life are being pasted on walls of houses and distributed among the public. Evening lectures are carried on till late at night. The storm centre of election is the Muthialpet division of which the sitting member is Mr. O. Thanikkachalam Chettiar who is also president of the Corporation. He is being challenged by Mr. Burra Satyamarayana, High Court Vakil and a Swarajist candidate.—A. P.

YOUNG BENGALEES' LOSS.

POLITICAL PRISONERS' MESSAGE TO MRS. DAS.

CALCUTTA, Aug. 5.

Several political prisoners including Mr. Subhash Chandra Bose and Mr. Satyendra Chandra Mitter from Central Jail Mandalay, have sent a message of condolence to Mrs. C. R. Das.

The message states: "He (Deshbandhu) who is gone was dear to us. To-day the whole of India, old and young, is in mourning but it is the young men of Bengal who are feeling the loss most acutely."

The message adds: "In a moment the depression will give way. New enthusiasm, new spirit and new life will again fill our whole being and everywhere hope will dawn and smile again. The youths of Bengal will render their offerings to you and with your blessings will come off successful in the field of action and flooding you with their well-earned garlands of victory will sing with one voice "Bando Mataram."—A. P.

SWARAJISTS AND U. P. LOCAL BOARDS

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 5.

In connection with the forthcoming district boards' elections in the United Provinces the Swaraj Party are organising and will try to capture as many seats as possible. In Allahabad a committee of Swaraj Sabha has been formed and it has been resolved to contest every seat and to do all that may be needful to ensure success in the elections.—A. P.

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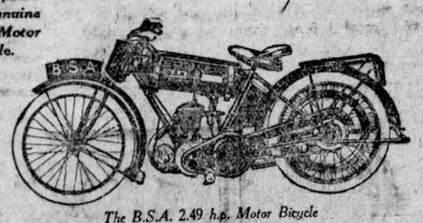

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ALLEGED HOUSE-BREAKING.

CHARGE AGAINST RANGOON BISHOP QUASHED.

RANGOON, Aug. 4.

Mr. A. Gledhill, I.C.S., Sub-Divisional Magistrate passed orders to-day dismissing the complaint of Mr. G. Joseph, Secretary, Special Committee of St. Gabriel's Church against the Bishop of Rangoon, Rev. Kemp and two police sergeants of housebreaking and theft. The complaint was in connection with the removal of St. Gabriel's Church property on July 27th. In the course of a long judgment the magistrate said that it was clear from the letters patent and records of the Rangoon collectorate that the only parties who had any claim to the land were the Secretary of State, the Lord Bishop and the Rangoon Municipality. Any claim which the special committee had was that of usurped possession which could not be recognised in a court of law. The position clearly seemed to be that on July 27th the land had become vested in the Corporation and the Lord Bishop became its tenant. That itself would have been sufficient to support the Bishop's bona fide claim to enter the church. The action of the special Committee appeared to have been to keep everything under lock and key themselves and to hand the investments to the priest. Having turned out their priest and denied the authority of the bishop His Worship failed to see how the church was still being used for divine service according to the Church of England. After quoting the authority, the magistrate pointed out that the right of the Bishop and Rev. Kemp to enter the church seemed to be beyond question. Continuing His Worship said that the church did not become a church till it was consecrated by the bishop and likewise the articles could not be said to belong to the church without grant of a faculty. The Church or anything in it was the property of the donor. Afterwards it became the church or church property. There had been no change which had extinguished the right of the original donor to its possession. It was, therefore, clear that even assuming it to be true that the church was built and articles in it purchased by the congregation that gave no claim or title to the church or its appurtenances. Further the magistrate said that the Church property could not be vested in a committee or congregation. Legal recognition could not be extended o such a committee. All these seemed to indicate that the only person entitled to the property was the Lord Bishop. It was clear from the materials on record that the Lord Bishop entered the church for the sole purpose of removing the contents of the church to place them in safe custody. That being so it was impossible to sustain any charge against him. The remaining accused were only acting under his instructions and likewise were free from liability. Concluding the magistrate said "In my judgment I find no sufficient ground for proceeding with the case and I therefore dismiss the complaint under Section 203 Criminal Procedure Code."—A. P.

SIR H. BUTLER'S ARRIVAL.

RANGOON, Aug. 4.

Sir Harcourt Butler accompanied by his son arrived to-day aboard S. S. "Angora" and disembarked at Lewis street jetty where a large number of officials, non-officials, military officers and ladies were present to give him a hearty welcome. A salute was fired. After shaking hands with all those present His Excellency drove the Government House and took charge office from Sir William Keith.—A. P.

PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS' TOUR.

SIMLA, Aug. 4.

In addition to Lt.-Col. Mackie, Director, Bombay Bacteriological Laboratory, and Dr. A. Souza, Assistant Director of Public Health, United Provinces, Dr. Bipin Behari Brahmachari, Assistant Director of Public Health, Bengal will participate in the tour of Public Health Officers of the Far East which will be held in Japan in the ensuing autumn under the auspices of the League of Nations.—A. P.

LECTURES ON COW PROTECTION.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

NATHDWARA, Aug. 5.

Having discovered that the condition of cows in Indian States was far from satisfactory Mr. Devratan Shukla undertook tour in Central India. A public meeting was held in Udaipur. Some member swore on the spot and there and then a committee was inaugurated to start active propaganda for cow protection. A public meeting was held at Nathdwar. Leading officials and prominent public men participated in the deliberations of the meeting. Purohitji addressed the meetings on cow protection.

THE LATE MR. A. B. MODAK.

We regret to announce the death of Mr. A. B. Modak, the enterprising proprietor of the local masure firm, The Union Agency. Mr. Modak's hard work and travel told upon his health and his constitution was undermined until he met with his death on Wednesday 29th ultimo at the early age of 43. He laboured also in research work and wanted to cure potatoes for seed by a process of fumigating, but he did not live to complete this work. Mr. Modak was a member for India in the International Potato Conference of 1921 held in London. He leaves behind him a widow and eight children. His younger brothers were his associates in his work.

A.

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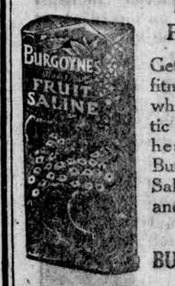

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